

MUSEMENTS—
LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
Three Nights Only, Aug. 19, 20, 21, Matinee Saturday.
MR. JOHN REW,
"ROSEMARY."
Under the management of Chas. Frohman, present for the first time here a Play in Four Acts, entitled "The Rosemary." Sale of seats open Monday, Aug. 16. Prices 25c to \$5.00.
BURBANK THEATRE—
TONIGHT and remainder of week
Presenting the enormous American and
"THE FAST MAIL" Handsome!
PRICES: GALLERY.....10 CENTS
BALCONY.....25 CENTS
Boxes, 10 to 50. Seats, 10 to 50.
Seats now on sale. Box Office open 9:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m.
Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theatre.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL OCEAN PARK.
Aug. 11, 12, 13 and 14. On these dates special trains will leave LaGrande Station, 5:40 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Returning, leave Ocean Park at 10 p.m., after the concert.
THE CELEBRATED SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND
Will Give Open Air Concerts every Saturday and Sunday During the Season at
REDONDO BEACH.
Leave Downey Avenue.....9:30 a.m. 9:30 a.m.
Leave LaGrande Station.....10:30 a.m. 10:30 a.m.
Leave Central Avenue.....11:30 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Saturday and Sunday Last Train Leaves the Beach returning at 8 p.m.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
3 1/2 HOURS FROM LOS ANGELES.
Daily Open Air Concerts by the **FAMOUS MARINE BAND**
Grand Orchestral Concert Every Evening—Three Boats Saturday, August 14, to the
GRAND SPECTACULAR ILLUMINATION OF AYALON BAY.
Exhibition of Fancy Diving Saturday August 14 and 15, from a height of 70 feet by Prof. P. B. Kymous.
Round Trip Excursion Sunday. Daily Service from San Pedro—
See Southern Pacific and Terminal Railroad time tables for steamer connection.
Regular Round Trip tickets from Los Angeles \$2.75.
Excursion Tickets \$2.50.
BANNING CO., 222 South Spring Street.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.—
SANTA BARBARA EXCURSION
Aug. 13 and 14. Round trip \$3.00, tickets good 30 days, stop-over at Ventura if desired. Trains leave 8 a.m., 4 p.m.
Catalina Island. Immediate connection and 30 minutes quicker trip.
Leave Arcade Depot Monday to Friday, inclusive, 1:40 p.m.; Saturday, 9 a.m.; Sunday, 8:15 a.m., 3:30 p.m.
STRICT FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—
73 GIGANTIC BIRDS. 20 BABY OSTRICHES.
The Most Curious Sight in the State. All styles of Tips, Caps and Boas at producers' prices. Terminal R.R. and Pasadena Electric Cars stop at gates.

MISCELLANEOUS—
AWARDED ANOTHER MEDAL,
Chaunauqua
JUNE 17. Completes a List of Thirteen Medals Unquestionable Indorsements.
OLD REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—
Largest establishment in Southern California and 23 years' experience. Metallurgical tests of all kinds made. Mined and Exported. United States Mint prices paid for gold and silver. B. B. Smith & Co., 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.
DELAWARES, CONCORDS, CATAWBAS—
Choice Eastern Varieties Grapes. Delicious, beautiful, cheap. Peaches like wise. For the Finest Fruit of any kind, come to headquarters.
ALHOUSE FRUIT CO., 215-216 W. Second St. Tel. Main 588.
EVERYBODY DRINKS CORONADO WATER
Purest on Earth. WHEN THEY CAN GET IT. Safest of all waters for constant use.
10 Gallon Tanks, 75c; Siphons, per case, \$1.00.

Consumables—
I want incurables, those that are able to walk. No charges to patients. Room, stove, wood, chairs, \$1.50 per week. I guarantee to cure. J. W. PETERS, Claremont, Los Angeles County, Cal.
INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor, Tel. Red 1072. Flowers, Floral Designs, Floral Requisites
W. E. HOWARD, MINES AND MINING STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD. Small orders solicited. Organization a specialty. Room 343 Wilcox Building.
REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWERS
adena, in Stock and Floral designs. B. B. Smith & Co., 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.
HOTELS—
GRANDEST SUMMER RESORT
On the Pacific Slope. **BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA**
Never Closes. **The Arlington Hotel.**
Very low Summer rates by the week and month. The finest and safest. Surf Bathing on the Coast. Fishing, Bicycling and Horseback Riding, with the most perfect summer climate in California. Parties holding Christiana Endeavor tickets can buy excursion tickets from Los Angeles or Sausalito to Santa Barbara for \$2.50 each.
E. P. DUNN.

Wilson's Peak Park—OVER A MILE. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AC- commodations \$2.00 per day, 19 to 24 per week. Fur- nished or unfurnished tents by special arrangement. Fare, round trip, reduced on toll road. From Los Angeles, \$2.00; Pasadena, \$2.50; via Sierra Madre Trail, \$2.50. Stage leaves at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. For transportation apply to P. B. Smith & Co., Pasadena, Telephone Main 58. H. Wilcox, Manager, Wilson's Peak. Telephone 3-3611.
Switzer's Camp—DELICIOUS SUMMER RESORT. 15 MILES FROM PAS- adena, in Sierra Madre. B. B. Smith & Co., 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.
Crown Villa—PASADENA CORNER RAYMOND AND LOCUST. EXCELLENT board, pleasant rooms, electric cars pass the door. Special rates furnished rooms. NEWLY RENOVATED. THE RUSH- 11th Street, 322 SOUTH SPRING STREET.
The Klondyke—SECOND AND HILL FAMILY HOTEL. APPOINTMENT perfect. Electric cars at all points. THUS PASADENA Prop- erty. To Wilson's Peak, via Sierra Madre, animals, 41 round trip. Cheapest and best. TWYCOSS BUS LINE, Sierra Madre, Cal.
Old Trail—FOURTH AND BROADWAY. NEW FAMILY HOTEL, FORMER proprietors of Gray Gables.
Devon Inn—CORNER SECOND AND HILL. HIGH-CLASS FAMILY Hotel, excellent table, perfect management. F. B. Prussia, Mgr.

A LONG DRIVE.
Eighty Thousand Oregon Sheep Be- ing Taken to Kansas.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
KANSAS CITY (Mo.), Aug. 11.—J. A. Knowlton, a live stock commission merchant of this city, bought in Oregon 80,000 sheep, which are now being driven overland to Kansas, where they will be fed next winter and marketed the following winter. This immense herd has been divided into twelve bands, each of which are driven by eight men. The sheep are allowed to graze along the roadside each day. The drivers are furnished with horses and a camping outfit, and while the sheep rest at night, the shepherds stop in tents.
The bands are driven about twelve miles apart, and Knowlton expects to reach Kansas by October. By driving the sheep overland instead of shipping them by rail, the commission merchant will save perhaps \$60,000, as the transportation charge from Oregon to Kansas amounts to \$1 a head.

HE'S NO SHARK
Trading Company's Chief Opposes Traffic.
Thanks Mr. Bliss for the Anti-Klondyke Warning.
Old Miners Turn Back for Fear of a Famine.
News from Dyea—Fifteen Hundred People on the Trail—Exorbitant Charge for Packing Freight—A "Treasure-house" Project.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Secretary of the Interior Bliss received today from the president of the North American Trading and Transportation Company of Alaska the following telegram: "I congratulate you and thank you for the official warning to people rushing to the Yukon Klondyke mining country at this season of the year."
Acting Secretary Ryan, speaking of the dispatch, says it indicates that there must be a very congested state of affairs at Seattle and other points of departure for the Klondyke gold fields, or the president of a large transportation company would not approve of the warning issued yesterday by Secretary Bliss.
Surveyor-General Diston, recently appointed for Alaska, qualified today and was at the Interior Department consulting with the officials before taking his departure. He will go at once to Alaska, but will remain at Sitka, the capital, awaiting further instructions from the department. While it is probable that the Surveyor-General will be ordered to the Yukon country next year, there is no intention of sending him there this year.

MANY WILL RETURN.
Disgusted Klondykers Selling Out Outfits and Coming Home.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
SEATTLE (Wash.), Aug. 11.—The steamer Rosalie arrived today from Dyea, and from the statements of the passengers it seems probable that a large number of people who started for the Yukon will return without having gone further than Dyea or Skagway.
It is reported on good authority that outfits are being sold for almost nothing to come home as fast as possible. Several were passengers on the ill-fated steamer Mexico, and some twenty or thirty men have returned to Juneau.
Between 2500 and 3000 miners are now encamped at Dyea. They have organized to keep down the packing rates, and are awaiting a favorable opportunity to get over the pass. A rate of 20 cents a pound from Dyea to the head of Lake Bennett has been decided on by this miners' organization, and no one is allowed to pay more. This step was necessary owing to the fact that men with money who are on the ground are offering as high as 20 cents a pound in some cases to get their goods across, while the poor man is left behind.
OLD MINERS ALARMED.
Turning Back from the Klondyke for Fear of Famine.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
DYEA (Alaska), Aug. 4. (via Seattle, Wash., Aug. 11).—The British steamers Islander and Gees have arrived with about five hundred prospectors, which increases the number of men on the Skagway trails to fully fifteen hundred. Late reports have come in to the effect that the Skagway route is open to the lakes, and that it is about forty-five miles long. It is a zigzag route, and is very difficult to travel. The road is very soft. There are some two or three hundred head of horses on the trail, and they will soon tramp its into a deep mire. The probability of one man in ten reaching the Klondyke is remote. Old Alaskan prospectors, some of whom have wintered in the Yukon and know what to expect, are becoming frightened and turning back. Not that they fear the hardships, but they are apprehensive of a famine on account of the fact that the food supply is becoming exhausted. The mines without enough provisions to last them two months.

The best evidence that those upon the ground regard the situation with more or less alarm is the fact that many are paying 20 cents a pound to have freight packed across Dyea Pass. This is an increase of 10 cents a pound since the sailing of the A-I-K., at which time 18 and 17 cents were charged. Twenty cents is the regular rate over the Dyea or Chilcoot Pass route.
This increase and exorbitant charge is due to a scarcity of horses. Without pack animals of some description, it appears to be next to impossible at this season to get freight and outfits across the divide.
A TREASURE HOUSE.
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Sun's Montreal special says: "The Dominion government has under consideration a project in regard to the administration of the Yukon which is novel, but appears admirably fitted to meet the conditions existing in the new communities of the extreme Northwest. It is the establishment of what might be termed a 'treasure-house' in which will be stored the gold of the miners and for which they will receive drafts on United States or Canadian banks for the full market value of their gold dust."
LETTER FROM DAWSON.
TACOMA, Aug. 11.—D. H. Laughlin writes from Dawson, Alaska, under date of June 15, that 600 claims in the creeks are selling at prices ranging from \$10,000 to \$150,000 each. He says: "There are about one hundred and fifty claims that are good on the two creeks. A miner bought a claim in February for \$45,000 on the installment plan, and was to make the last payment July 1, but did not need so much time, for he paid the last day we arrived. He has 480 feet of ground left, and a surplus of \$15,000. The pay streak is from forty to eighty feet

wide, and the pay is in and on the bedrock.
"There are no drift diggings, and have to be worked in the winter. The ground is frozen from fifteen to thirty feet deep. Times will be quiet here until October 1, when there will be work for 4000 or 5000 men. There is a small sawmill here, and lumber is worth \$140 per thousand feet. The camp was not started until last August, and it is estimated that the output about \$2,500,000 to date, and will probably be twenty-five or thirty millions by next year. The companies think they can supply enough provisions for the winter."
"The Circle City camp is about deserted, and the claim-owners are offering \$12.50 per claim, but the camp is well supplied with provisions at present. Flour is worth \$12 per hundred pounds, and bacon 50 cents a pound, beans 12 cents, coffee, 75 cents, milk, 50 cents per can; table fruit, 75 cents per can; shovels, \$3 each.
"If any one should want to come here this summer or fall, we would advise them to come by the mouth of the Yukon. In early spring they should come by the last and best water route."

THE HUMBOLDT GOES.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—It was not until 4:40 o'clock this afternoon that the steamship Humboldt dropped out into the stream and headed for the Golden Gate. At St. Michaels the vessel will have to anchor for six hundred yards or more from shore, and the lightering must be done with the boats carried upon the ship.
Disasters and masters of vessels familiar with Alaskan traffic and the trip to the Yukon country make the following calculation: The Humboldt will get to St. Michaels about September 1, having no what to land at it will require a long time to discharge her cargo. Without machinery it will take from three to four weeks to put the river barges together and bring the cargo to time up to about October 1, when the Yukon is liable to be frozen or in such a condition that no craft can ascend the river or come out of the ice.
The steamship Columbia, with about fifty-two passengers for Dyea and Juneau, sailed this morning for Portland. There she will connect with the George W. Elder, which will continue the journey to Dyea.
ABANDONS THE ROYALTY.
OTTAWA (Ont.), Aug. 11.—Influenced by a protest from both political and business men of the northwestern portion of the Dominion, the government has decided to abandon its scheme to force miners of the placer regions of the Klondyke to pay a royalty of 15 cents on the value of the gold taken out there. Many business men declared in their representations to the government that such a rule, if put into effect, would lead to infinite trouble and might cause bloodshed.
The storekeepers and outfitters of British Columbia are busy now arranging their plans to compel all prospectors to buy their supplies of them by enforcing the payment of duty on outfits which are carried into the Upper Yukon Valley.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.
WILLING STILL TO STAND BY THE CHICAGO PLATFORM.
The State Convention Meets at Roanoke and Nominates J. Hoge Tyler of Pulaski for Governor. Some Planks.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
ROANOKE (Va.), Aug. 11.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order at noon by G. W. Hand, secretary of the convention. The delegates present. A most determined fight will be made over the proposition to adopt a plan for nominating United States Senators by primaries. The platform probably will not be submitted today. Its declaration on free silver and other Chicago planks will be postponed.

At the afternoon session E. W. Sanders was made permanent chairman. Immediately upon the opening of the night session J. Hoge Tyler of Pulaski was nominated by acclamation. Taylor Ellison, who had been Tyler's only competitor for the honor, withdrew his name and was immediately afterward re-elected chairman of the convention. Committee on Resolutions by acclamation. The platform makes the following declarations:
"We reaffirm the platform of the National Democratic Convention adopted in Chicago in July, 1896, and upon which William J. Bryan was nominated for the Presidency of the United States."
"We especially indorse the doctrines of the national Democracy upon the four great issues which are before the people of this country, viz: The tariff, the income tax, the regulating of trusts, and the currency. The tariff duties should be levied for revenue purposes, and not for protection. The income tax should be levied for revenue purposes, and not for protection. The currency should be issued by the government, the great surplus in the treasury in its nature being a useless absorption of public wealth and a constant temptation to extravagance. We denounce the tariff bill recently passed by the Republican Congress as dictated by the trusts and monopolies, and in the interests of classes which live upon the favoritism of the government and not upon the fair and just earnings of industry."
"We favor an income tax for the support of the Federal government that industry may be less burdened and that wealth may bear its proper share of the general public burdens, and, if necessary, we favor a constitutional amendment that such taxes may be levied."

"Upon the subject of currency we declare ourselves unalterably opposed to the British system of monetary empire, which has aggrandized that empire at the expense of the nations producing the raw materials, and its adoption has only aggravated our financial servitude to London."
The platform also declares for primary elections to indicate the popular choice of United States Senators and commits legislative candidates to accept the popular supplies of raw materials.
After two ballots, Edward Echols of Staunton was nominated for Lieutenant Governor.
The platform as given was reported from the Committee on Resolutions, but formal action on it was deferred until tomorrow, when the provision for primary elections for United States Senators will be vigorously opposed. At 2 a.m. the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock.

MURDERED IN THEIR HOME.
BELLEFONTAINE (O.), Aug. 11.—David Dietrich and wife were found murdered in their home today, three miles south of here. The house was ransacked throughout.

PUT TO ROUT.
Decisive Battle Lost by the Spaniards.
Weyler's Own Matanzas Troops Probably Whipped.
A Veritable Sensation Prevailing in Havana.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: "Official information has reached Havana of a decisive battle between loyal troops and insurgent forces in Matanzas. According to this information the Spanish troops were routed after a hard battle with heavy losses."
"This news caused a veritable sensation in Havana, and is generally known that Capt. Gen. Weyler is now in Matanzas, and there is a general belief that the Spanish troops directly under him were those that suffered defeat at the hands of the rebels. However, if this is true, the Spanish officials here are taking great pains to suppress the fact."
"Then, too, the knowledge in some quarters that Gen. Gomez is due in Matanzas about this time with a large body of insurgents added to the interest in the battle. There is no good cause to believe that Gen. Gomez was really in the battle in question. There has for some time been a seemingly well-founded belief in Havana that Gens. Gomez and Weyler would meet in Matanzas."
"The Spanish loss in troops and officers was greater than in any recent battle. The Spanish troops were compelled to give way before the rebels, leaving many dead on the field."
"There seems to be considerable concern in the palace here about the result of the battle. While the officials will not talk, the Herald correspondent has learned that detachments of Cuban cavalry have been posted into Matanzas from Santa Clara province, and according to some reports, Maj. Gen. Francisco Carrillo, commander of the Fourth Army Corps, and Brig. Gens. Rego and Montenegro are among the leaders of the invading forces. A contention upon the Santa Clara province of all the insurgent forces in Matanzas was ordered some days ago by Gen. Avelino Rosas, the insurgent commander of the province."
"In view of this rebel activity and the belief at the palace that Gen. Gomez or his lieutenant, Maj. Gen. Carrillo, would attempt a demonstration against Havana city, large reinforcements of Spanish troops have been moved to the front from Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces."
"Gen. Weyler intended to establish his headquarters in Matanzas City and then in Guines, Havana province, in

case the Cubans should succeed in pushing their way through Matanzas into Havana.
"A rumor reached this city last night that railroad traffic has been stopped on almost all the lines running through Matanzas Province. The excitement was added to by a later report that Gen. Weyler had ordered the Marquis de Ahumada, the Acting Governor-General, to send as large a force of troops as could be spared to the vicinity of Guines, on the border of Havana and Matanzas provinces. Additional artillery was shipped last night to Guines."
"The situation of Gen. Weyler is similar to that of Martinez Campos when he tried, in December, 1895, to check the famous raid of Gomez and Maceo, and was compelled to fall back successively at Javanello and Ciego de Colon before the Cubans."
"Those in a position to know hint that the chief source of knowledge in the palace is the receipt of a dispatch from Matanzas. The names of Weyler and several other Spanish generals, as well as those of Gomez and Carrillo, are often repeated in the course of the message. The alleged information in the dispatch, coupled with the demand for reinforcements at Guines and the shipment there of heavy artillery leads many to believe that the Spanish troops will make a further stand at Guines."
"Jose Guasp has been arrested for demanding money and threatening the life of Señor Segura, a prominent Spanish millionaire in Havana."

ATTACKED BY COLUMBUS.
HAVANA (via Key West) Aug. 11.—Insurgents to the number of 500, strongly entrenched in the hills near Madruga, province of Havana, have been attacked by three Spanish columns, commanded by Gens. Molina and Morera. July 3, he reports that the details of the fighting have not yet been received, but reports from Madruga says that the Spanish troops have lost eleven killed and 100 wounded, and forty wounded. The fighting still continues.
The insurgents have seized the town of Medina Lucana, near Manzanillo.

FOLLOWING CUBAN TACTICS.
Aspect of the War in the Philippines Has Changed.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—The aspect of the war in the Philippines has changed, according to a correspondent from Manila. In a letter to the revolutionists are following the Cubans' tactics, surprising convoys and detachments of Spanish troops, and up to date have been generally successful in almost all the encounters, this being really the only means by which the liberators have acquired the large number of rifles and supply of ammunition they possess at present, at a trifling cost of lives, comparatively.

CANOVAS AT MADRID.
The Dead Statesman's Body Met by Immense Crowds.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
MADRID, Aug. 11.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The remains of the late Primate Canovas del Castillo arrived here at 7 o'clock this morning from Santa Agueda. They were met by ministers, members of the Diplomatic Corps and the civil and military authorities at the station, where immense crowds of people assembled.
MARMOT LEAVES FRANCE.
PARIS, Aug. 11.—A warrant has been issued for the expulsion from France of Tarrida Marmot, a Spanish Anarchist, who, in a speech which he made Sunday at a special performance given at the Theater de la Republique for the benefit of Spanish refugees in Paris, urged the Spanish people to overthrow the Spanish Premier, should be assassinated. Marmot was formerly a prisoner in the fortress of Montjuich.

A TEA FIGHT.
Canadian Roads are into it All Over.
Uncle Sam's New Tariff Bill the "Stick" in It.
Discriminating Duty Laid Upon Trans-shipped Goods.
Imports from Foreign Countries Via the Dominion Required to Pay That Little Ten Per Cent—Great Benefit to American Lines.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The first application of the section of the new tariff Bill which, if it is interpreted to mean as it reads, may bring disaster to Canada's great overland line, the Canadian Pacific Railway, and restrict other Canadian roads which have terminals in the United States in their ability to compete with domestic corporations in delivering Asiatic and European imports, has been made by the collector of this port.
A consignment of a railroad of Japan tea recently reached here in Canadian Pacific cars from Vancouver. Tea is not a dutiable article, and under the Wilson law the Japan-Vancouver consignment would have been permitted to go right through for distribution, the consular seals on the cars serving to protect it from interference by custom officers. Collector Russell, however, was of the opinion that the new phrases in section 22 required the collection of a discriminating duty of 10 per cent; because the tea, while en route from Japan, had been landed in Vancouver, B. C., and he took possession of the property pending a decision from the Treasury Department upon the exact application of the measure.
The section requires the collection and payment of a discriminating duty of 10 per cent, on "all goods, wares or merchandise which shall be imported in vessels not of the United States, or which, being the production or manufacture of any country not contiguous to the United States, shall come into the United States from such contiguous country."

The Secretary of the Treasury advised the collector to permit the importation of the tea to enter duty-free, exacting from them a promise to pay the discriminating duty in the event that the Attorney General should, upon the whole subject has been referred for an opinion, determines that the law required such payment. Atty.-Gen. McKenna, deemed this a very important enough to give it his personal attention, instead of referring it to one of his numerous subordinates, as it is the custom of the Federal law department, and when he returns to Washington from his vacation, about two weeks hence, he will write the opinion that has been asked for.
If he sustains the position taken by the Chicago Collector of Customs in seizing the tea and holding it temporarily to enforce the collection of a discriminating duty, and decides that section 22 requires that all imports consigned to the United States, whether from Asia or Europe, that are originally landed in Canada, shall pay a discriminating duty of 10 per cent, he will strike a blow at the Canadian Pacific Railroad on one hand and at the Grand Trunk on the other that will seriously cripple these corporations.
American railway officials are keenly interested in the forthcoming opinion, for they realize that it will determine whether or not the Canadian Pacific will continue to enjoy the special treatment of American railroads, especially the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific, in the European and Asiatic fields.
The Canadian Pacific has made a specialty of Asiatic business ever since it established its own line of steamers, consisting of the Empress of India, the Empress of Japan and the Empress of China, between Vancouver, B. C., and Japan and China ports. It forced the Great Northern road to establish a similar line, whose terminal is at Seattle, and made deep inroads into the business of the Occidental and Oriental Company, which is controlled by the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific roads, and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. The Canadian Pacific steamers have controlled such a percentage of the Pacific carrying business that the road has been able to secure a large percentage of Asiatic importations, consisting of tea, silk and other products destined for the United States.
The road's chief success has been in China, and it is claimed it brings to this side of the Pacific a greater amount of Chinese food products which are imported expressly for resident Chinese than all of the other lines combined. Railroad men who are familiar with the extent of the volume of this business say that it is sufficient to make it a desirable addition to the business of any line of steamships or railroad. So long as the tariff law did not interfere with its operations, the Canadian Pacific maintained a supremacy in the Pacific and Asiatic business that was more or less distressing to its rivals.
The Great Northern and Northern Pacific, with terminal at Seattle and Tacoma, and also Portland, naturally suffer most by the Canadian road, although the Southern Pacific with its terminal at San Francisco and the Santa Fe, located farther south in California, at Los Angeles, complained bitterly at times of losing business taken from them by their Canadian rival.

The Canadian Pacific was enabled to transfer and ship from Vancouver into the States through its traffic arrangements with American railroads as easily as any of the American overland roads. The cars crossed the frontier without molestation from custom officers, because they were protected by seals from American consuls, and were carried direct to the points to which they were billed.
Some idea of the value of the imports brought to the States by the Canadian roads can be obtained from the published customs statistics. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, the importations from the eastern provinces to Canada aggregated \$20,683,388; from British Columbia, \$2,586,857; or a total of \$23,270,245 of this amount \$23,270,245 was carried by the

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Canovas's corpse arrives at Madrid and is received by great crowds.... The Czar drinks to the German naval officer.... The Kaiser's yacht beats that of Abbruzzi.... Demonstration against the Spaniards at the Hague—Anarchist Marmot expelled from France.... Prince Henry arrives at Marseilles and his seconds will arrange a duel.... Heart of Kosciuszko interred in a special mausoleum.
At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Dispatches were also received from Manchester, Ct.; Pittsburgh, Wheeling, W. Va.; Kansas City, London, San Francisco, New Orleans, St. Louis, Chicago, Washington, and other places.
Financial and Commercial—Page 10.
London stock markets shaped by New York.... The tone in that metropolis.... Grain at San Francisco, Liverpool and Chicago.... Bond list.... Petroleum, Drafts and silver.... The fruit quotations.
Weather Forecast.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—For Southern California: Fair Thursday; westerly winds.

Points of the News in Today's Times.
The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12.
A veteran visiting Soldiers' Home finds that an inmate is passing under his name.... Increased travel over the railroads.... Difficulties of Alaskan travel.... Further reductions by the Board of Equalization.... Meeting of the Fire Commissioners.... A young woman commits suicide.... Two burglars captured.... Formal proposition of arbitration submitted to the water company.... One of the rebellious Whittier boys returned to the school.... Judge Allen ordered the payment of delinquent street bonds.... Seven bears captured by Los Angeles sportsmen.... Charles F. Blackburn arrested, but makes his escape.
Southern California—Page 11.
General interest in the Orange county fall races.... Camp Abe Lincoln at San Diego taken by storm.... Embarrassing story of a bashful San Pedro constable.... School tax election in San Diego.... Covina Republican Club celebrates the tariff victory.... Riverside Supervisors accept an offer to provide a Courthouse.... Gossip and fish stories from Catalina.... A Pasadena sensation which proves unfounded.
Pacific Coast—Page 3.
The crew of the lost steamer Mexico arrives at Seattle.... Two Graves brothers and their gold at San Francisco.... Warrants for Examiner men for libel.... San Jose police inquire into the character of Dutcher and Mrs. Schofield's first husband.... Engineer killed at Marysville.... Butcher drowned at San Francisco.... Mrs. C. A. Schurte and two sons perish by fire.... Particulars of India floods in which from four to six thousand lives were lost.... Steamer news from the Orient.... Ultimatum by the Governor-General of the Philippines.... Race programmes for San Francisco, Woodland and other places.... New phase of the Round Valley feud.... Railroad collision at Binny Junction.... Application for a license to do banking business.... Negotiations for a large tract of land for German colonists.... Disgusted Klondykers coming home.... The Isnebuh strike

roads, the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk. American vessels carried \$5,749,438 of foreign bullion. All of this enormous traffic will be wiped out, so far as the Canadian roads are concerned, if the Attorney-General decides that the Dingley law operates against shipping imports from Europe and Asia to foreign ports.

THEY MUST PAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The Attorney-General, in an opinion to the Secretary of the Treasury rendered today, decides that the goods and productions of a foreign country not contiguous to the United States which are regularly imported into Canada and afterward exported to the United States, are subject to the discrimination of 10 per cent, provided for in section 22 of the new tariff act, and also that the method of conveyance, whether by water, mail or otherwise, is not material.

The question whether goods transported through Canada to the United States under consular seal are subject to duty has not yet been determined. The case in which the value of \$200 worth of diamonds which were delayed at one of the frontier customhouses until this question was decided. The diamonds are subject to a ten-per-cent duty.

SURPRISED AND AMUSED.

MONTREAL (Que.), Aug. 11.—The officials of the Grand Trunk Railway system and the Canadian Pacific Railway are not disturbed by the upheaval to be caused by the enforcement of the new tariff law. Assistant General Manager Logan of the Grand Trunk Railway system, when spoken to about the matter, was quite surprised and somewhat indignant when told that it had just been discovered that the new tariff would require the breaking of seals on all freight from foreign countries coming to the United States by either his railway or the Canadian Pacific.

He said: "We have not heard anything of this, and I do not expect any of our bonded cars have gone through all right, and the matter is greatly exaggerated."

THOUSANDS OF DEAD.

ALL INDIA MADE TO TREMBLE BY EARTHQUAKES.

Shocks in Northern Bengal, Assam and Cachar Continued Some Time—Tidal Wave at Gopalpara. The Country Flooded Along the Brahmaputra.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Additional details of the great earthquake in June which made all India tremble, received in recent mail advices, confirm the original reports of its severity. In northern Bengal, Assam and Cachar the shocks continued for some time. The mortality on the Cherra hills is estimated at from four to six thousand.

At Gopalpara a tidal wave destroyed the bazaar, and sixty lives were lost. The earth was fissured and the country covered with mud and sand. The telegraph office at Cutchery and all Euca buildings were destroyed, and the natives were forced to flee for their lives.

The country is flooded, as the earth has subsided along the banks of the Brahmaputra, causing great damage to the crops. Similar reports are received from many other places.

THE DUPONT.

Second Official Trial of the Herreshoff Torpedo Boat.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEWPORT (R. I.), Aug. 11.—The torpedo-boat Dupont, built by the Herreshoff Torpedo Boat Company, received 27½ knots, received her second official trial over a sixty-mile course in Narragansett Bay today, during which she made an average speed of 28.58 knots. Although this exceeds her contract, but requires a further trial up to the trial speed of the Porter, a sister ship, nor is it as high as that made by the Dupont on a previous trial.

This is the third attempt of the boat to make her trial. The first time she broke down while going at tremendous speed. The second time, after a short run, she broke down again. The third time, after a run of about thirty miles, her vacuum dropped, making a continuance inadvisable. Today the boat again broke down, but despite this hindrance the boat made great speed.

This trouble with the vacuum is purely a local one and will be obviated after she goes into commission.

The Porter and Dupont have, under favorable circumstances, exceeded their contract speed by more than a knot. The Dupont, with trimmed slightly different from the Porter, had no more weight and ran with the same absence of vibration, and her engines were in perfect form. The Herreshoffs have notified the government that the boat will be ready to be turned over to the Navy Department in a few days.

FOURTH INDIANA DISTRICT ELECTION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 11.—The majority of Griffith (Dem.) over Lee (Rep.) in the special election for Congress in the fourth Indiana district held yesterday, 1897. The majority last November was 825. The Populists had no candidate against Holman, but M. Browder was their candidate this year. He received about six hundred votes.

NAPA VALLEY GRAIN CROPS.

ST. HELENA, Aug. 11.—The grain crop of the Napa Valley will be much greater than expected. The yield from Pope, Chiles and Conn valleys being about fifteen thousand bushels. The Napa Valley many thousands of sacks have been harvested, owing to the rise in wheat, will aid the country financially to a considerable extent. Although the quantity is not up to that of former years, the quality is all that can be desired.

VINTAGE WILL BE GOOD.

ST. HELENA, Aug. 11.—The coming vintage is looked forward to by the grape-growers of the Napa Valley with feelings of encouragement. The crop will be very large, notwithstanding the ravages made by the phylloxera. It is expected that the "Wine-Makers' Corporation" will hold the entire crop of this section, having offered \$5 a ton on the delivery of the grapes and \$1 a ton for every cent extra per gallon when the wine is sold.

OPORTO IN REBELLION.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Daily Mail publishes a dispatch from Oporto, Portugal, which says that the town is in a state of open rebellion, and that the authorities have only maintained the upper hand by proclaiming martial law and arresting eighteen army officers who were ringleaders in the revolt.

THE HEART OF KOSCIUSKO.

BERNE (Switzerland), Aug. 11.—The heart of Kosciuszko, the Polish patriot, was interred today in the special mausoleum of Castle Rapperschwil, on Lake Zurich. The ceremony was preceded by a religious service which was attended by 150 Polish patriots.

EVERYBODY GET IN.

PROSPERITY'S MARCH OVER- LAND HAS BEGUN.

Senator Stewart Shouting for the Good Times That He Sees Coming Upon Him.

HIS COUNSEL TO THE POPS.

NO USE TALKING SILVER WHEN WHEAT IS MONEY.

The Sagebrush Sage Suddenly Finds No Room for Pessimism—And He Gives the West Good Advice for Knowing Something.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—[Special Dispatch.] Union Pacific certificates jumped into prominence today. Transactions in them aggregated nearly \$2,500,000, surpassing every other stock on the list in activity, and a gain of three and a quarter points for the day was scored. The street waxed enthusiastic over the Union Pacific advance. Henry W. Poor, whose position as an influential director of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway Company keeps him closely in touch with southwestern conditions and enables him to speak authoritatively on them, said tonight:

"No one who knows anything about the southwestern situation can help becoming enthusiastic over the prospects for that section. There is every reason to count upon good prices for grain. Its cotton crop will be large, and from the present outlook high prices for that product will also be obtained."

Senator Stewart of Nevada is one of the latest converts to commercial optimism. He is a "bull" on everything except silver. He is engaged in a vigorous campaign in Wall street, and said tonight that he had heard so much about better times that he has determined to "gather in part of the property which is not very rampant in the street, but throughout the land."

"There is no room for pessimism in this country. No one can be a bear in the face of the wheat famine in Argentina, Russia, Hungary and India. In view of the fact that the world should not be surprised to see silver sell as low as 25 cents and wheat as high as \$1. There is nothing in talking silver at the present time, and it's my advice to my friends in the West to fall into line with the forces of prosperity which is not only rampant in the street, but throughout the land."

"I frequently hear it said that this security market is a duplicate of the market in 1873. It is not. It is more of a bull market. All a man has to do is to get into it, to go to sleep and get rich. The wheat situation in the West will make every railway not only a dividend-earner, but a dividend-payer. Railroads that have been moribund for years are now taxed to their fullest capacity, and are still unable to accommodate the traffic."

"Are the people in the West alive to this new situation?"

"The people in the West," he replied, "are wide awake. They know a good thing when they see it. Most of them are hanging to their cereals with confidence born of hope and actual knowledge of what is going on around them. With their immense crops they will be able not only to liquidate their indebtedness to the money sharks of the East, but will inaugurate a buying campaign that will surprise people in this part of the country. I think that by late fall the truth of what I said and reiterated during the campaign will be fully recognized, and that there can be no general prosperity in this country that is not born and sustained in the West."

GOOD FOR AMERICA.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—[By Associated Press.] The Times, in the course of its financial article today, says: "It is estimated by persons in a position to form an opinion that at least 12 per cent. more wheat than is usually needed in Europe will be needed this year."

Owing to the short Russian, French and Austro-Hungarian crops, the United States will be the only country able to meet this extra demand."

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

The Tide is at the Lowest Point in Fifteen Years.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The tide of immigration is at the lowest point since the general government assumed jurisdiction of the subject in 1882. The number of arrivals from all countries, according to treasury statistics, during the last fiscal year, was 231,832, a decrease as compared with any previous year, of 112,435. The lightest immigration of any previous year was in 1895, when the number from all countries was 279,548.

MERRY MAY BE HAPPY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—It is intimated that the State Department correspondence which has been had on the subject, the State Department has so far succeeded in meeting the objections which were made by the Greater Republic of Central America, the newly-appointed Minister, Capt. W. J. Merry, as to make it probable that he will be received.

TO TAX THE FRENCH.

FORT SCOTT (Kan.), Aug. 11.—A local paper and some of the Councilmen of this city are insisting that an attempt be made to tax the French and the miners of the town as a means of raising revenue to make up the deficiency occasioned by the closing of the saloons. The Council is wrestling with an occupation ordinance, and some of the members refuse to support the measure unless it shall include miners.

A PROJECTED BEEF TRUST.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A letter from Kansas City announced that the packers of that city had advanced the price of dressed beef 1 cent a pound, and that of bacon 1½ cents a pound to their customers, and that the dealers had made plans to buy their own meat in the future. This move is attributed to a new attempt at forming a beef trust.

BRYAN'S WHEREABOUTS.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 11.—A special to the Tribune from Spencer, Idaho, says that W. J. Bryan returned today from his seventeen-day trip through Yellowstone Park. He was met here by Gov. Smith and Congressman Hartman, who will escort him to Boise and other points in Montana.

PUT TO ROUT. THEIR WIVES STARVE

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

BUT PENNSYLVANIA MINERS KEEP ON STRIKING.

Headquarters of the District Officers at Pittsburgh are Beseiged With Appeals for Aid.

DE ARMITT IS THREATENED.

SPRING HILL DIGGERS REFUSE TO LEAVE THEIR WORK.

Oak Hill Sympathizers Formally Declare a Strike—Large Meeting Held at Canonsburg—Turtle Creek Twaddie.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 11.—The Oak Hill miners, whose wages were held by the De Armitt company, yesterday because they struck, met at Newton last night and formally declared a strike after denouncing the company. They say they will remain out until the district price of 68 cents is paid. In spite of this, more men were at work this morning than at any time since the marchers appeared. De Armitt has received several threatening letters recently.

The fact just made public that the men at work in the Spring Hill mine at Demarest today, after being held by the De Armitt company, yesterday because they struck, met at Newton last night and formally declared a strike after denouncing the company. They say they will remain out until the district price of 68 cents is paid. In spite of this, more men were at work this morning than at any time since the marchers appeared. De Armitt has received several threatening letters recently.

FAURE'S TURN NEXT.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The report to the Figaro from San Sebastian says that Goli, the assassin, in the course of a police examination, declared today that it would be President Faure's turn next.

CARLISTS ARMING.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The Martin publishes a statement which purports to come from a Carlist source to the effect that 60,000 volunteers have been organized and are being rapidly armed in various parts of Spain. The Carlists are said to be rising at the sign of Don Carlos. The pretender, however, according to the story, "is restrained by patriotism, and will await the issue of the Cuban difficulty before making a bid for the throne."

FRIENDLY MESSAGES.

HAVANA, Aug. 11.—Consul-General Lee, Mr. Gallan, the British Consul, and other foreign representatives of the United States, yesterday sent their official and personal condolences to the acting governor-general, the Marquis Alameda, on the death of Don Carlos. The afternoon newspapers contain special dispatches from Madrid commenting upon the significance of the friendly messages of President McKinley.

Gen. Stewart, L. Woodford and Hannis Taylor in Spain's hour of sorrow.

THE CZAR'S DRINK.

Empties His Glass in Honor of Germany's Navy.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—[By Atlantic Cable.] At the State banquet yesterday Emperor William of Germany wore the uniform of a Russian admiral, and the czar was dressed in the uniform of an admiral in officers and thirty officers of the Russian navy were invited to the banquet. The czar, speaking in German, proposed the following toast: "I am highly pleased to see as my guests officers of the German navy to whom I myself have been able to render aid. I empty my glass to their health and to the prosperity of the fine and glorious fleet in which I now have the honor to be an admiral."

At 11 o'clock this morning their Imperial Majesties of Russia and Germany started for the Russian yacht Alexandra for Kronstadt roads, where Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria were to re-embark upon the German Imperial yacht Hohenzollern. The Alexandra reached Kronstadt this afternoon, and the German Emperor and Empress, with their suite, were met by the Russian Emperor and Empress. The German Emperor and Empress, with their suite, were met by the Russian Emperor and Empress. The German Emperor and Empress, with their suite, were met by the Russian Emperor and Empress.

SHE SEQUOIED.

Bob Brackett's Victim Sees Him Swing in Air.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ASHEVILLE (N. C.), Aug. 11.—A mob at an early hour this morning lynched the negro Bob Brackett near the scene of his crime at Weaverville. Last night the Sheriff took the prisoner to the Asheville jail and made for the nearest station, intending to board the train for Raleigh. By hard driving the mob overtook him, forcibly took possession of the rapist and swung him up.

Miss Henderson, the negro's victim, was present at the lynching and shouted for joy when the fiend was swung aloft. Previously she made a desperate attempt to shoot Brackett when he was brought before her for identification, but was prevented.

GOULD'S PRESERVES.

Two Fishermen Claim the Right to Monkey Therewith.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

KINGSTON (N. Y.), Aug. 11.—George J. Gould has begun suit against Hiram Graham and his brother, Aaron Graham, for trespassing on his trout preserves in the wilds of the Catskills. The trespass referred to was committed by the Graham brothers by fishing in Furlough Lake, which is highly valued by Mr. Gould as his choicest preserve.

ARRESTED FOR BEGGING.

Sister of Charity Twice Hauled Up at New York.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A Gerry Society agent caused the arrest today of Sister J. Charity, Maria Rosa of Newark, N. J., for begging on the street. She was accompanied by thirteen-year-old Lena McGookin. She had been warned by the agent, but persisted in begging, and he took her and the little girl to the society's rooms. Then the sister was cautioned and released.

ATTACK ON ANNEXATION.

OAKLAND, Aug. 11.—Attack has been commenced upon the validity of the annexation election held two months ago by which the major portion of the outlying districts north of the city became a part of Oakland. The property-owners who related annexation completed arrangements today with Attorneys Fitzgerald and Abbott by which the test will be made in the courts as quickly as the case can be prepared.

BULLET-PROOF CLOTH.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—At Fort Sheridan today a test was made of the bullet-proof cloth invented by Casimir Zegien, the Krag-Jorgensen rifle being used. The test was a triumph for the cloth, and the officers who were present declared that the cloth had fulfilled all the claims made for it by the inventor.

BAKERS' WAR.

State Associations Get the Better of the National Association.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Herald says the dignified warfare that has been going on between the American Bakers' Association and the thirty-two State bakers' associations throughout the country is expected to lead to the surrender of the national body at its annual meeting in Detroit next week.

The State association men have played every card in a very shrewd game with their most distinguished brethren. They threatened to organize a rival national bakers' association, which bade fair to outstrip the older organization in numbers. That the national body did not care to give a trial of strength was clear from a report just submitted to the executive council. It proposes an amendment to the constitution so as to give the State bodies a larger representation, by providing that they shall elect fifteen out of thirty members of the executive council.

REMOVAL OF OFFICIALS.

REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Written Charges Must Be Forwarded to Washington and the Accused Must Also Be Furnished With a Copy Thereof—Written Defense.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The Secretary of the treasury today issued the following, circular providing for the enforcement of the provisions of the executive order of July 27, 1897, as to removals from the classified service:

"The attention of supervising officers and agents of this department is called to the fact that the executive order of July 27, 1897, as to removals from the classified service of civil-servants, rule 11 and provides as follows:

"No removal shall be made from any position subjected to competitive examination except for just cause and upon written charges filed with the head of the department, or other appointing officer, which shall be accompanied by a copy of the charges and a copy of the written defense."

"In view of the foregoing, when any official, agent, clerk or employee in the service of this department shall appear to the officer or agent charged with the supervision of his official conduct to be guilty of such dereliction of duty, delinquency or misconduct, or shall prove inefficient to such an extent as to seem to justify the removal of such person from the service, or his reduction in grade, it shall be the duty of such supervising officer to immediately forward to this office written charges and such specifications detailing fully and accurately the reasons for removal or reduction."

"At the same time a complete copy of the charges and specifications will be furnished to the accused, with the information that such defense as is desired to be made in the premises shall be submitted to the supervising officer for transmission to this office within three days from the date of receipt of the copy of the written charges."

"Whenever it is impracticable to present a copy of the charges to the accused in person, it will be sent by registered mail, and the receipt carefully preserved. The fact that the accused has been furnished with a complete copy of the charges and informed of the opportunity to make defense as above set forth will be reported to this office at the same time that the written copy of charges is forwarded to the accused as aforesaid."

"In the event that the accused fails to mail such defense, or fails to appear before the supervising officer within the time above specified, it will be assumed that such person does not desire to embrace the opportunity of being heard in his own defense, and the written defense will be delivered in person when practicable, otherwise it should be forwarded to the supervising officer by registered mail, and after due examination, transferred to this office accompanied by a letter of supervising officer, submitting his views on the matter, and making such recommendations as the circumstances and the nature of the defense may seem to warrant."

"When the circumstances are such as to render it evident that the interests of the service will be better subserved by immediately relieving the accused from duty, pending action on the charges, then the supervising officer will be authorized to remove the accused from duty, and to report the same to this office, in which case the action taken will be promptly reported to this office."

"Supervising officers will furnish to each officer, clerk or employee within their respective jurisdictions with a copy of this circular, and enforce strict compliance with its provisions."

SEVEN THOUSAND HUNGRY.

BRAZIL (Ind.), Aug. 11.—The miners' executive board met here and reported that there were 718 persons in the state of Minas Gerais who were in actual need of food. The actual distribution given yesterday has not exceeded 7 cents per capita.

THE ISSAQUAH AFFAIR.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Aug. 11.—The conflict of things at the mines of the Seattle Coal and Iron Company at Issaquah is unchanged. The men have not accepted the offer made them by Gen. Bryant to buy a chunk man, but remain firm in their protest at being docked for short cars.

Gen. Bryant, the receiver of the company, who is the son of the late Walla, and has been successful in diverting other vessels bound for Seattle, has been ordered to return to the coast. He is thus relieved of the burden of his hands. The United States court will hear the case on the property is expected August 16.

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BAKER PLAYED BALL

HAD THE BRITISHER RUNNING FOR SEVEN ROUNDS.

When the Imported Heavyweight Made a Stand in the Second Round He Was Slugged.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The St. George's Club boxing carnival at Woodward's Pavilion tonight, which was attended by 3000 spectators, the bout advertised as the chief attraction, namely that between Henry Baker of Chicago and Richard Ball of England, both heavyweights, proved to be the most exciting of the night. Baker had Ball running backwards throughout the first round, and when the Englishman stood up and fought back in the second round, Baker struck him when and where he pleased.

LOAN AGNEW BEATEN BY CASE.

BILLY ARMSTRONG KNOCKED OUT BY MIKE WHALEN.

Preparations for the Glenbrook Meet—California Jockey Club Programme—Woodland Enthused.

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Ball continued his sprinting about the ring to add the "Stockyards Terror" until the seventh round, when Referee Aleck Greggins stopped the affair and gave the decision to Baker. Ball was outclassed in cleverness, and only managed to stay the seven rounds by running away.

The best fight of the night was between Lon Agnew, champion of Chicago, and Dick Case of Puget Sound. Case was given the decision at the end of ten rounds.

IT WAS TENNIS.

Larned and Eaves Play Two Good Games and Break Even.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Larned and Eaves played to a draw in the only match today where the American and English experts tested their skill. The affair was called on account of darkness after each had secured a set. In the other matches Bob Wrenn won two straight from Collins, the western champion, and Nisbett created a surprise by winning two out of three from Mahoney.

The contest between Larned and Eaves, which was the most interesting and brought out the prettiest work of the day. All points considered, the style of the men is not so different as would be expected. Both are masters of the ball. There was also lively skirmishes for the position at the net, and the general strategic play of the two was highly appreciated. Eaves has made the best impression of the Englishmen.

Eaves obtained a lead of 5-2 before Larned fairly got started, and then the latter leveled the score by winning the count, 7-6. With one point between him and the loss of the game, Eaves played good ball, the set being finally won by mail and aces. Eaves was in a lowing set, Eaves rolled off four in short order. Larned then took five straight, and Eaves followed up the set by winning the following in the next three and the set.

Mahoney and Nisbett gave a fine exhibition of steady, accurate play. The first and second sets were both played to a draw, but after three all was reached in the deciding set, Nisbett ran out.

SHARKEY AND MAHER.

Their Representatives Discuss the Articles from San Francisco.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—"Buck" Connolly of Pittsburgh and Dan Lynch of San Francisco, representatives of Peter Maher and Tom Sharkey, the heavyweight pugilists, met at the Police Gazette office today. They had a long conference in regard to the articles of agreement which each received by mail from the Knickerbocker Athletic Club of San Francisco, where the big fellows are to meet in the ring next October. The articles were signed by President Miner and Manager Abrams of the Knickerbocker Club.

The club offers a "trophy to be of the value of \$20,000, and stipulates that the matter shall be decided by a scientific sparring exhibition of twenty rounds or more in San Francisco between noon and midnight on October 12, next. The club will post a forfeit of

COAST RECORD.
THE MEXICO'S CREW.BROUGHT DOWN TO SEATTLE BY
STEAMER TOPEKA.Capt. Thomas Prefers to Make No
Extended Statement About the
Loss of His Vessel.

WAS ABED WHEN SHE STRUCK.

PASSENGERS ARE COMMENDED FOR
THEIR COOLNESS.John Thomas Runs Amuck—Wil-
merding School Site Chosen—Mrs.
Schofield's First Husband.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SEATTLE, Aug. 11.—The steamer Topeka, from Alaska arrived here early this morning, bringing the crew of the steamer Mexico, wrecked near Sitka. When seen this morning Capt. Thomas of the Mexico preferred to give out no extended statement concerning the loss of the Mexico pending investigation to be made this afternoon by Inspector W. J. Bryant.

The captain was in bed when the accident occurred, about 4:30 o'clock Thursday morning. From the time the steamer struck the rock until it disappeared beneath the waves, about two hours elapsed. Capt. Thomas and Pilot Connell being the last to leave the sinking ship. The self-control of the passengers was commended by Capt. Thomas. He said there was no unnecessary excitement. The passengers were aroused and put in the boats with as many of their personal effects as possible.

Percy Higgenbotham, who went up to the Mexico as far as Alaska and came back on the Topeka, describes in a graphic manner the sinking of the ill-fated vessel. He said:

"The vessel went on a rocky reef in the morning, and when the officers said that the passengers had better take to the lifeboats every one was cool and calm, and the ladies, when going down the ladder from the side of the steamer to get into the small boats, sang Christian Endeavor songs."

"The captain was cool, and could not realize that his boat was doomed. Some one rushed to him and asked: 'Can I get my baggage in a small boat?' 'Oh, yes,' said Capt. Thomas. 'You had better get in the small boat yourself, and leave your baggage to take care of itself. It is impossible that the vessel will sink. Some other passengers rushed to him for advice later, and the captain said: 'Take no chances, but get into the boat. I am going to leave the vessel. I can't. She will not sink, she cannot sink.'"

"Within twenty minutes after she struck the rock the water was filled with water, and baggage was floating around. We could hear the swish of water and could feel the steamer settling. Just two hours and ten minutes after the rock was struck, the Mexico's bow sank out of sight. Then the bow bobbed up again and her stern sank. Suddenly the bow shot upward in a perpendicular line, and the Mexico went to the bottom like a stone. The lifeboats then pulled for Percy Island, thirteen miles distant, where the passengers were landed on the rock and were something to eat. Then the long row of lifeboats and the passengers were landed at Metlakatla, seventeen miles from the island and thirty miles from the stern where the vessel went down, and where all remained until the arrival of the steamer City of Topeka, bound south."

A TERRIFIC SHOCK.

VICTORIA (B. C.) Aug. 11.—The steamer Mexico, which was wrecked at the entrance of Sitka Harbor at 4 a.m., August 5, had been running at half-speed since leaving Seattle, and until a few minutes before the rock was struck. Pilot Connell then rang for full steam ahead, and soon after there was a terrific shock, and the steamer was thrown on her side. So great was the momentum that the ship was carried through the rocks, which it is believed was the West Devil rocks, and into the deep water beyond.

Instantly there was a call of the crew, and within the slightest confusion, the seventy-five passengers on board were safely placed in the ship's boats. Soon after the vessel struck the rock the crew were seen to be shining when she went down, and there was no excitement on board. The passengers and watch below were awakened by the vessel striking the rock, and given and all were quickly dressed, and, reassured by the coolness of the officers, awaited their turn to enter the boats. The vessel was valued at about \$100,000.

INVESTIGATION NEEDED.

SEATTLE, Aug. 11.—It will require an inquiry by the government inspector of hulls to determine the facts and circumstances attending the wreck of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer Mexico at the entrance to Dixon's Sound on the morning of August 5. Various theories have been advanced, and it was stated with seeming authority that the rock which was the cause of the Mexico's undoing was the West Devil Rock and was not down on the charts. Dixon's Sound is on the inside route to Alaska, and has been considered an open highway.

It was stated on the authority of Dr. Boswell D. Anderson, a passenger on the Mexico, that the steamer's course was changed so as to send her outside in the hope of saving sixteen hours on the trip. The change was made by the captain as a result of a petition circulated by the Christian Endeavor excursionists on the boat, who were anxious to reach Seattle before the time limit of their return tickets to the East had expired.

Pilot Connell is an experienced navigator and has been employed in these waters for a number of years. He was on watch, and Capt. Thomas was in the waterroom. Therefore the responsibility rested upon the pilot. The Board of Inquiry began taking testimony today. Pilot Connell was called and testified. The hearing was conducted in the office of Inspector Bryant and behind closed doors.

JOHN THOMAS'S VICTIMS.

Crazed With Liquor a Prospector
Runs Amuck at Spokane.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SPOKANE (Wash.) Aug. 11.—John Thomas, a prospector from Fort Steele, either crazed with liquor or laboring under the delusion that he was being persecuted, ran amuck, and as a result two men are believed to be mortally wounded and a third seriously injured. The list of wounded is:

JOHN THOMAS, shot through the liver and in the left shoulder; will probably die.

OLE OLSON of Anoka, Minn., shot

in the left breast; probably mortally wounded.

C. E. DAVIS, Spokane, shot in left shoulder; flesh wound.

MAX JACKSON, shot in left wrist; wounds slight.

Without having received any provocation, Thomas shot three times at G. B. Watson, who was standing in front of the Grand Hotel, but missed him. A running fight then ensued between Thomas and Chief of Police Warren and Officer Sullivan. Thomas's shots were wild, and Olsen, Davis and Jackson, who were among the large crowd of spectators, were struck. Thomas was finally hit. When carried to the Police Station he asked the officers to take a pistol and kill him.

MET UNEXPECTEDLY.

Collision of Two Trains at Binny Junction—Fatal Results.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

MARYSVILLE, Aug. 11.—There was a collision at Binny Junction, about a mile north of here, today between the combined local passenger and freight train which runs between Sacramento and Oroville, and the fast freight train from Red Bluff. Owing to a curve in the road the approaching freight train could not be seen until it was near at hand. The passenger train expected to pass it at this point, and slowed down and was not running over six miles an hour when the crash came.

Engineer Geery and the fireman both jumped for their lives, the engineer first reversing the engine and warning the conductor. Geery was caught by the driving wheels and thrown with great force to the ground that he was fatally injured. He died within an hour. Both engines were badly damaged. Mrs. Tarmont, a passenger, was injured. Judge Morrison of San Francisco, who was on the passenger train, blames the engineer and fireman of the freight for not watching the freight train ahead. The freight train, however, had been with the Southern Pacific for twenty-five years.

ORIENTAL GLEANINGS.

Philippine Governor-General's Ultimatum—Naval Officer's Suicide.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.) Aug. 11.—The steamer Empress of Japan arrived this afternoon from the Orient bringing news of the following:

Navigating Lieutenant Hagie of H. M. S. Albatross committed suicide by shooting himself on board the ship.

H. E. Kung Chung Hao Huen, formerly Chinese Minister to Great Britain, died on July 19 at Shanghai.

Advices from Vladivostok state that the Russian government intended to make an attempt to keep the port open all the year round. A tremendous ice boat built in Denmark has been sent to effectually quell the rebellion. In the event of the refusal of either of the above, to accept his resignation.

The Chamber of Commerce in Manila, alarmed at the serious fall in exchange due to the introduction of the Philippine dollar, has, with the permission of the Governor-General, sent the following telegram to the Minister of the Colonies in Madrid:

"That the Chamber of Commerce requests the Government to consider the new loan, to attend to the grave question of exchange, which has not improved with the arrival of the new dollar money."

The same chamber has convoked a public meeting for the 15th inst. to elicit public opinion on the subject of the new dollar money, and the present crisis in exchange.

A gambling scandal in which several police officers were involved is now creating a sensation at Hongkong. One official who, it is claimed, made \$2 a day for permitting gambling games to run, has been arrested for trial, and several other officers have been suspended.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank has declared a dividend of 2 1/2% for the last half year, and will carry forward the last sum.

HIS NOTARIAL TOOLS.

J. J. Cooney Tells the Court What He Did With Them.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—The case of J. J. Cooney, a Notary Public, was resumed today when the trial of the Angus-Craven case was taken up. He stated that he kept the book in which he made notarial entries, upon a shelf in the library of his home after he resigned in December, 1894, and that he retained it until Mr. Williams asked him to make a certified copy of the entry of Fair's acknowledgment about a year later. He also kept the notary seal, which he did not know what became of the rubber stamp which bore the words "Notary Public in and for the State of California." Cooney stated that he did not think Senator Fair said anything about the deeds being in pencil, or requested the notary seal from his own counsel about them. The witness was asked to recall the first paper acknowledged by him in December, 1894, and he said that in the month, with its date, he could only recall the Enright deed, and he remembered that because in December, 1894, he was called to the Fairdeeds. On this showing the entries for September, 1894, came in, and through that entering wedge the whole book records. The proceeding book beginning with January, 1894, was also offered in evidence and received.

SENSATION IN COURT.

Treadwell Smiles, Knight Roars and Mrs. Belle Curtis Faints.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—The argument of the Davis will controversy was enlivened by an unexpected incident. It occurred during the opening argument of George A. Knight. At a most interesting point in his speech Knight imagined that he detected a sneering glance on the face of W. B. Treadwell, one of the opposing counsel. "Sir," exclaimed Knight to Treadwell, "don't you dare to sneer or laugh at me. Some men may laugh at me, but not a man who is under as great an obligation to me as you are."

This speech was delivered by Knight in dramatic tones and created a sensation. Treadwell had every appearance of being the most surprised man in the courtroom. He disclaimed all intention of offering offense to Knight. An unconscious smile on his face, he said, had been misinterpreted. Knight accepted this explanation.

Attorney Knight is expected to conclude his argument tomorrow morning. Attorney Treadwell will reply for the proponents of the will, and is to be followed by Attorney Campbell. The closing argument will be made by At-

torney Heggerty for the contestants.

During the noon recess today Mrs. Belle Curtis, one of the proponents of the will, fainted just outside of the courtroom. It was stated that she had been overcome by the heat in the room rather than by anything which occurred during the course of Attorney Knight's argument.

HE MADE ACH HOT.

Detective Crockett an Unwilling Witness in Fiegl's Case.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Detective Charles Crockett was the central figure in the Fiegl examination today. While called by the prosecution he was so unwilling a witness that Attorney Ach vigorously attacked him and the police department in response to objections made by the defendant's counsel to the manner in which he conducted the examination of the witness.

Crockett admitted that after the pistol which Hoffman had been murdered was handed to him, he carried it around several days and that was probably how the blood stains came to be rubbed off it.

This afternoon counsel for the defendant objected to the question of Attorney Ach, special counsel for the prosecution as to whether or not the hostility of the police department to the prosecution of Fiegl for the murder of Isaac Hoffman was such that he was obliged to enhance his statements when the witness was connected with the police department. Police Judge Campbell allowed the questions.

ROUND VALLEY FEUD.

Henry Carder Arrested at the Instance of White.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

UKIAH, Aug. 11.—A new phase of the interminable Round Valley vendetta developed today with the arrest of Henry Carder, charged with cattle stealing, at the instance of George E. White, the Round Valley "cattle king." A sensational trial of the case is anticipated.

Carder is accused of having stolen a cow from S. Rohrbough. It is said the animal was taken to California, where the men lassoed the calf after it had been branded by Carder and inserted coils beneath his skin at Madrone. The wound is now healing, and the coins may now be felt in the cow. This was done in order that the identity of the animal might be established in case it was stolen. Carder claims that his arrest is the result of a conspiracy.

INVESTIGATING CHARACTERS.

San Jose Police Enquire About Mrs. Schofield's First Husband.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN JOSE, Aug. 11.—The three defendants in the Schofield murder case will be examined by San Jose officers. The local officers are leaving no stone unturned, which may tend to elucidate the mystery of Schofield's death, but so far little has been developed. It is rumored that Mrs. Schofield's first husband was arrested for murder some years ago in Santa Cruz county, but the statement is not confirmed, although officers are investigating. Dan Dutcher's character is being investigated, and it has been found that he had an unfavorable reputation in Los Gatos, where he formerly lived.

Mrs. Schofield has persistently denied all concern in the interview for the arrest of her husband, and her former husband, Mann, had been tried for murder in Santa Cruz county, she said it was true. It was ten or twelve years ago, she stated. The man killed was an Italian with whom Mann had a row, ending in the killing. She says she does not remember his name, but thought the man was Sheriff Lyndon has gone to Madrone and may go to Santa Cruz county, in pursuit of evidence. The accused prisoners will have their preliminary examination Saturday.

MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY?

Question Raised Over Assessment of Oakland Railroad Property.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

OAKLAND, Aug. 11.—The question of whether the Seventh-street local railroad, the forty miles of side tracks in the West Oakland yards, and the local wharf property of the Central Pacific Railroad Company can be assessed by the local officers is to be tested. City Attorney W. A. Dow of Oakland has completed the papers in the suit of the City of Oakland against the Central Pacific Railroad Company, wherein the city asks for \$786 in taxes and penalties upon the properties mentioned. The papers will be signed by Mayor Thomas tomorrow and filed within twenty-four hours.

Although this suit is brought by the city of Oakland, the assessment was originally made by a city officer. City Attorney Dow says the suit will be carried through every court.

ALL THREE DEAD.

Mrs. C. A. Schurte and Sons Perish in the Burning Home.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ARLINGTON (Or.) Aug. 11.—Early this morning the dwelling house of C. A. Schurte and his family, Mrs. C. A. Schurte and two sons, were overcome by smoke, and when taken out all three were dead.

IMPORTED SUGAR-BEEHIVE GROWERS.

MONTPELIER, Aug. 11.—Negotiations are now pending for the purchase of a tract of 1400 acres of land near Salinas, where a colonization project is to be started. The project is to bring in men from twenty-one States to start the colony, and to divide the tract into farming sections of from 20 to 100 acres each, to be used for the growing of sugar beets for the Salinas factory. The families who will come to settle the tract are all people of means, and will arrive within the next two months.

Warrants for Examiner Men.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Late this afternoon warrants were issued for the arrest of Managing Editor W. Lawrence and C. S. Aikin, exchange editor of the Examiner, at the instance of Claus Spreckels, the Sugar King, charging them with criminal libel. This is generally understood to be a retaliatory measure due to the action of Sheriff Whelan in refusing to arrest Lawrence and Williams upon the commitments issued by Notary Craig for alleged contempt.

Lawrence surrendered himself to Chief of Police Lees and was released on \$1000 bonds.

License for Swiss Bankers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—An application has been received by the Bank Commission for a license for a license to do a banking business in this city from a corporation formed by a number of well-known capitalists. It is to be a branch of the Swiss-American Bank of Lucerne, duly organized under the laws of the republic of Switzerland. The local branch has an authorized capital of \$1,000,000. A \$300,000 has been paid up by the incorporators.

Peppered With Bird Shot.

MADERA, Aug. 11.—Tom Hutchings, a half-breed Indian, was shot by George Canfield in the back and side, early

this morning, with a shotgun loaded with fine bird shot. The victim is not dead, but is hourly expected to die.

The shooting took place at Fine Gold, about fifty miles from Madera. The cause of the shooting seems to have been that the Indians were bent upon trying to rob an old man whose part was taken by Canfield, with the result as stated.

As Good as Gold.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—A private letter from Capt. Smaling of the shipboard, Theresia, now in the Berling Sea, gives news of the catch of the sea-otter hunters up to July 8. The best of luck has followed the men, as those from Fox killed sixty-six otters, the skins of which are worth from \$30,000 to \$40,000. As the season had not opened, it is expected that the other hunters will come back as rich as Klondyke miners.

Killed an Engineer.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 11.—At 1:30 o'clock this afternoon the railroad yard at Marysville, an extra freight train bound for Sacramento, crashed into the passenger train bound for Oroville. Engineer William Geary of the passenger train was killed. He leaves a widow and daughter in Sacramento. It is said the freight train had no right the yard at the time. No passengers were injured.

Why Budd Changed.

STOCKTON, Aug. 11.—Regent Budd, in talking of the action of the board of regents in accepting San Francisco as the location of Wilmerding school, says that eight out of twenty-two regents voted on the motion, and it was not until the board changed its vote to give notice of a motion for reconsideration. The matter is not settled by any means, he says, and another vote will be taken when a full board is present.

Grass Couldn't Swim.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Charles Grass, butcher, who drove to the bay this morning, and Thomas Donnelly, a lumberman, had a narrow escape from a similar fate. The two men were sailing off Fox-street in a small boat, when a sudden squall struck it and overturned it. Grass, being unable to swim, sank immediately, but Donnelly was rescued by some boatmen.

Wilmerding School Site.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—The Wilmerding school site, finally selected by the board of regents of the University of California, and the prospects of completing the school building, which was begun before he died appear to be brightening. The site chosen by the board of regents is in the Potrero, and is bounded by Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Rhode Island and Kansas streets.

Water Will Flow.

STOCKTON, Aug. 11.—The news comes from San Francisco that the United States Court has ordered a sale of the Woodbridge Irrigation system, which has been in the hands of a receiver for some time. It is good news for farmers, who want the water from the canal to flood their alfalfa fields.

Melon for McCord.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Aug. 11.—As a foil for the eighty-five-pound watermelon brought from Georgia to President McKinley, Fowler Bros., farmers near Phoenix, presented Gov. McCord with a ninety-pound watermelon of their own raising.

Lacked Evidence to Convict.

REDDING, Aug. 11.—Lad Logan and George Morgan, charged with robbing at Cottonwood, Maurice B. Swasey, the man who almost killed his friend Lean by mistake Monday night, were discharged, for lack of evidence at their preliminary examinations.

Deposit from Graves.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—J. B. and R. O. Graves, who were charged with strike in Trinity county on the 4th inst., arrived here today with part of their newly-discovered wealth in the shape of \$20,000 worth of gold, which they deposited at the mint.

Fires at Mount Baldy's Base.

REDDING, Aug. 11.—Forest fires threatened destruction to several places in the base of Mount Baldy. The entire neighborhood was called out to fight flames, and the property was saved.

Yolo Loses Two Residents.

WOODLAND, Aug. 11.—Jacob Cunningham, a prominent Yolo-county farmer, died at Black's ranch, near John Renz, a resident of Woodland, died suddenly and alone in Hungry Hollow today.

ABU HAMED TAKEN.

THE NILE IS NOW FULL OF FLOATING CORPSES.

Details of the Fight Between the Anglo-Egyptian Troops and the Dervishes—British Officers Killed, Mohammed Zeln Captured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CAIRO, Aug. 11.—By African Cable news from Khartoum, Assuan on the Nile, near the first cataract, give details of the capture of Abu Hamed on August 7 by the Anglo-Egyptian troops under Col. Hunter, after an eighteen hours' march from Merawi.

After carrying the high ground overlooking the town, the Anglo-Egyptian troops advanced to the attack upon the village. A stubborn house-to-house fight ensued, and Col. Hunter was obliged to bring up the artillery before it was possible to carry the position. The total loss was 21 killed and 60 wounded, of which the Tenth Soudanese Battalion lost 14 killed, among them two British officers, and 34 wounded.

J. H. A. Sidney fell mortally wounded while leading his men to the attack, and died in five minutes. Lieut. Fitzclarence was shot almost at the same moment through the heart. Three Egyptian officers received severe gunshot wounds.

The village is a network of crowded houses and twisting, narrow alleys, so that most of the fighting was done at the point of the bayonet. The Dervishes were charged through the narrow streets. Finally, their cavalry, having lost over half their number, followed by a body of British infantry, they fled. The Dervish commander, Mohammed Zeln, was captured. Another well-known emir stubbornly defended himself, but his followers were killed at last when the house was destroyed by the artillery.

A large number of prisoners, arms, standards, camels and horses, with other property, were taken.

The Nile at Merawi is in a most unusual state from the corpses floating down.

Gov. Drake's Condition Serious.

DES MOINES (Iowa.) Aug. 11.—Adm. Gen. Henry Wright, who has just returned from the bedside of Gov. Drake, informed today that the latter's condition is in an extremely critical condition. He is suffering from diabetes.

HEAVY AS LEAD.

SILVER BULLION TRYING TO DROP OUT OF SIGHT.

Mexican Dollars Sell at Forty-three Cents—Wide Discussion in Financial Circles Over the Situation—Japan's Interests Therein.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Silver bullion continued on its downward course yesterday, and made a new low mark. London price for bars dropped to 25 1/2d. an ounce, and in this city the commercial quotations fell off to 55 1/2¢@56 1/2¢. Mexican dollars shared in the depression, having sold down to 45.

The Algonquin Silver Deposit Company holds 351,073 ounces of silver bullion, against which 251 certificates are outstanding. The St. Louis, selling for Europe today, will take 681,000 ounces of silver, shipped by the following houses: Fuller & Co., 250,000 ounces; J. and W. Seligman & Co., 250,000 ounces; Handy & Harmon, 50,000, and Lewisohn Bros., 31,000 ounces.

Cable advices from London said that the new phase that has been given to the coinage and currency question by the market decline in the price of silver is causing a wide discussion in financial circles. Several questions arise as to the effect it will have on the free coinage of silver problem, an issue that, according to the free-silver advocates, was laid aside in the recent election; again, on the possible change of standard in Mexico, rumors of which are current, but more particularly on the situation in Japan, which country on October 1, 1897, will adopt the gold standard. Gokuro Nagasaki, special agent for the Yokohama Specie Bank in the city, said in connection with the recent fall of silver:

"Had Japan remained a silver country, there would have been even the chance of her incurring loss in trading with gold countries, on account of the fluctuations of exchange, and as Japan forces to the front, the necessity for greater facilities for monetary transfer is felt. Heretofore the exchange, both in China and Japan, followed the rise and fall of silver, and the country with the great fall in the price of silver, China shows a great falling-off in exchange, while Japan remains the same."

"What effect will the drop in silver have on the arbitrary value of 32 to 1 already fixed by the Japanese government?"

"A loss is immediately seen, for at the ratio of 32 to 1 the value of silver is 25 1/2d. sterling. Silver is now quoted at 23 1/2d., which brings it to the ratio of 36 1/2 to 1, and shows a loss of over 10 per cent. already to the government, but with the amount of silver and not in circulation a great amount of loss would hardly serve to embarrass a country with a national currency revenue of 100,000,000 yen, even if it all could be at once, which it undoubtedly cannot."

"The loss, too, looks greater than it actually would prove to be, for this reason. The new coin will be adopted, and as they have stopped issuing silver yen, on being redeemed they will be taken as subsidiary coins, and being taken as such will not be enough to satisfy the requirements of circulation."

"The silver yen now being 90 per cent. pure, will serve as bullion for the reissuing of new coin, and the new government has taken a long step in the right direction by making the gold and silver coins relatively of the same value, accomplishing it by reducing the size of the gold yen one-half."

An Editor Assaulted.

COLORADO SPRINGS (Colo.) Aug. 11.—Charles H. Frowine, editor of the Manitou Journal, was brutally assaulted at 10 o'clock yesterday by two unknown men while going from his office to his home in Manitou. Mr. Frowine made his escape. His injuries consisted of a broken nose, several bad scalp wounds, besides bruises about the face and body, but which are not considered dangerous. It is believed robbery was the object of the attack.

A Girl Fatally Shot.

Police Clerk Hensley reports the fatal shooting of the sixteen-year-old daughter of a wood-chopper named Osborne, at Tehachapi on Tuesday. The girl was helping her father haul wood. They had a shotgun with them to shoot quail. The girl was handling the gun to her father in the wagon, when the hammer caught on a twig and the double barrel was discharged, the double load of shot striking the girl in the back. She died in a few hours.

Whitelaw Reid Rebuked.

[Kansas City Star.] The tale about John Sherman being in his dotage and occupying the position merely of a figure-head as Secretary of State is not verified by the sharp rebuke administered by the veteran statesman to Whitelaw Reid.

Flushed with the honors heaped upon him in London as public ambassador, and as Mr. Ingalls of Kansas would put it, "swelled to the point of inconceivable tumescence," Mr. Reid returned to America, displayed the hardness of inviting the aged Secretary of State to run down to Ophir Park, to receive his report. Having lodged at Windsor Castle and basked in the smiles of His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, Mr. Reid saw no reason in asking the person of John Sherman's years and illustrious achievements to wait upon a man greatly his junior, and in respect to position, no second thought.

With a dignity becoming his age and his high station, Mr. Sherman treated the request with silent scorn. He paid no attention to the invitation, and left the inflated public ambassador to interpret, as he might, the failure of an answer to his invitation. In spite of his vanity, Mr. Reid gracefully divined the situation and betook himself to Long Island beach, where the Secretary of State was seeking the wholesome elbow of the salt air. By way of preparation, Mr. Reid carried with him a dress suit, which he hoped might be called into requisition through the exercise of Mr. Sherman's hospitality. He could not conceive the sort of courtesies which had been so freely extended to him by the British royalty would be withheld by a fellow-citizen of America.

An announcement of his arrival at Long Island Beach was promptly sent by Mr. Reid to the Secretary, but he elected no invitation for dinner, nor, indeed, any reply whatever. It having become fully apparent to Mr. Reid that he must force an interview, he, his superior, he started at about midnight for the Sherman cottage, where he was received in a manner which fully convinced him of his presumption.

There appears to be no reason in the light of this incident to doubt that John Sherman is in full possession of his faculties and is equal to the responsibilities of his office. There is nothing in his treatment of Whitelaw Reid which betokens a senile mind, but much that demonstrates a perfect understanding of his own rights, and the deference which is due to a man in his place.

As for the offending Ambassador, he has discovered in John Sherman a different sort of a proposition from what he found in poor Horace Greeley.

A Simple Fact
Easy to Remember."Are you going out of business?"
"Are you going out?" are questions that have been asked in one form or another by interested friends.

The reply is—"We are not going out of business—Let us repeat the simple facts again—

To cash a retiring partner's investment at once, we offer for a short period of time our entire stock at Wholesale Cost Price. A simple fact and easy to remember.

The ticket showing the original price—which has always been marked in plain figures—will remain on each article, and a new ticket will be attached, marked in red, showing the reduced price, which is the original wholesale cost.

LISSNER & CO.,
JEWELERS, SILVERSMITHS, OPTICIANS,
235 SOUTH SPRING ST.

HE WANTED TO TALK.

WITT OBJECTED TO BREVITY IN A POPULIST CONVENTION.

Great Excitement and Police Prevalent in the Gathering at Columbus, O. Charges Affecting Senator Hanna, Coxy Nominated for Governor.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

COLUMBUS (O.) Aug. 11.—The Populist State Convention opened today with Mr. Witt demanding more than five minutes to speak on charges to the effect that certain "middle-of-the-road" delegates were there in the interest of Senator Hanna to keep the convention from endorsing the State Democratic ticket. The chair refused to grant more time, the delegates told him to sit down, and finally Martin Krumm undertook to put him down. Witt resisted, and George Riddle of Columbus seized the chair. Pandemonium reigned, and a policeman separated the combatants.

As Witt again demanded more time when order was restored, a squad of policemen at once, which it undoubtedly cannot."

"The loss, too, looks greater than it actually would prove to be, for this reason. The new coin will be adopted, and as they have stopped issuing silver yen, on being redeemed they will be taken as subsidiary coins, and being taken as such will not be enough to satisfy the requirements of circulation."

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An Editor Assaulted.</

The Times-Mirror Company, Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly

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Daily Net Average for 1897 18,008
Sunday Average for 6 months of 1897 24,805
OVER HALF A MILLION COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM.—Vaudeville.
BURBANK. The Past Mail.

SPECIAL MINING NUMBER.

At an early date *The Times* will publish an elaborate, carefully prepared and informing issue devoted to exploring the rich mining fields lying in the great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral entrepot of this vast region. The forthcoming Mining Edition will contain a volume of valuable and timely information about the yielding and paying mines, as well as about the more promising of the prospects in various mineral localities. The aim will be to give correct and reliable information in every case, with a view to promoting the mining industry as a legitimate pursuit. Further information about this timely publication may be obtained at the office, together with terms of advertising and prices of the paper in bulk.

HOW GOLD IS FOUND ON THE KLONDYKE.

The Gold Fields of the Arctic Circle, or The Fortune-seeker's Guide to the Yukon Regions of Alaska and British America, with Maps, Diagrams and Illustrations. This new book, soon to be ready for patrons of *THE TIMES*, is fresh from the pen of a qualified writer who is personally familiar with the Klondyke country. It tells the whole story of the recent wonderful discoveries of gold in the far Northwest, and is described more in detail on page 8 of this morning's issue. Everybody, whether or not he (or she) be afflicted with the gold fever, should have this indispensable book. It is a thick 12mo., in paper covers, and will be ready at the *Times* office very soon. Send or bring 25 cents and secure a copy. No extra charge for postage when sent by mail.

JAPAN ON A GOLD BASIS.

From the first of October next the financial system of the Empire of Japan will rest upon a gold basis. Preparations having that end in view are being pushed with all possible dispatch. The mints are busy coining gold pieces in anticipation of the change, and the entire currency system will be remodeled to conform in a general way to the systems of the more advanced nations of the earth. Silver will be coined, but not on a free and unlimited basis, nor at a ratio of 16 to 1. It will be employed in a subsidiary capacity, based upon the gold standard, and the amount of silver coinage will be so guarded and limited as to insure the integrity and parity of the coins issued.

The action of Japan in abandoning the silver standard for the safer and more substantial basis of gold is significant. Japan has but recently awakened from the isolation and lethargy of ages, to take a position among the enlightened and puissant nations of the earth. Her statesmen have made a patient and exhaustive study of the financial systems of all the leading nations, and have arrived at definite and intelligent conclusions as to the wisest and most advantageous financial policy. The step which Japan has taken is not the result of a sudden impulse nor a sentimental vagary. It is based on solid considerations of business interest and wise statesmanship. If Japan is to march in the procession of great and enlightened nations, her currency must conform to the world's recognized standards. This important truth has been recognized by Japan, and her statesmen have governed themselves accordingly.

There are indications that Mexico may in the near future be obliged to abandon the silver standard. If the price of silver goes much lower than it is at present, such a step will be inevitable. Silver is likely to depreciate rather than to appreciate, and its abandonment by Mexico as a standard of value is regarded by many able financiers as only a question of time. China will then be the only nation of consequence adhering to the silver standard, and may find it advisable to drop that standard for gold.

The "silver issue" is not merely dead. It is decayed and disintegrated, and will soon "smell bad."

The attention of the calamity-howler is invited to the fact that there are not enough vessels to handle the enormous grain crop along the Pacific Coast. Should he find it inexpedient to lift up his barbaric yawl about anything else, he can howl because there are not more vessels.

NEBRASKA PROSPERITY.

The State of Nebraska seems destined to be prosperous in spite of the calamity wails and the dubious prognostications of W. J. Bryan and his silvercrat admirers, supporters and satellites. The State of Nebraska cannot keep out of the procession which is marching to the joyous music of protection, prosperity and progress, if it would. Bro. Bryan and his bewhiskered, wild-eyed compeers of the Populist persuasion will "view with alarm" the rising tide of prosperity; they will protest that it isn't genuine, and will sit up on their haunches by night and by day, like coyotes on a barren knoll, to indulge in prolonged ululations of despair and lugubrious prophecies of impending disaster. But their protestations, their ululations and their dismal forebodings will be in vain. The procession will move on just the same, and Nebraska will be "strictly in it."

Ex-Gov. Buren R. Sherman of Iowa recently made an extended tour through the State of Bryan. He tells a remarkable story of general prosperity, which reaches not only the cities, but the rural districts. He says: "The crops are certainly enormous, but the general air of prosperity cannot be wholly attributable to this season. I found a great building revival in the towns and almost a boom in the larger cities. I was told frequently, in response to my queries, that business was good, money plentiful, and everybody branching out in new enterprises. Best of all, if the silvercrat and his adherents in the agricultural communities to be in favor of a return to old party lines and a general disposition to concede the silver issue to be dead. I was told in many sections—where a year ago the whole country was wild over silver and where a silver orator always found a crowd ready to hear him—that the leaders now are unable to make the one-time silver men attend even the county conventions. When this following was reminded that they pledged last year to perpetuate their silver leagues and silvercrat domination, they merely shrugged their shoulders and replied that they had no business last year and could afford to engage in campaign work; that now they are too busy to talk. When pressed for better reasons they answer boldly that they regard silver as a national issue, absolutely dead and that as long as business remains good they are willing to vote along old party lines. The sentiment in favor of forcing Bryan to get off the lecture platform seems to be general among his old-time leaders. They say if silver is to be a national issue Bryan will kill it."

George Hoadley of New York, who recently took a trip through the State, tells a similar story. He found an extraordinary hopeful feeling prevailing in all sections, with evidences of reviving business activity on every hand. Speaking of these conditions, he said: "Certainly it cannot be wholly due to the good crops, though they are enormous. It is something more. The feeling of good times is too deep rooted. It is too general. People are not particularly talking of good times; they are too busy. The towns are just as busy as the country. If you attempt to talk politics you are laughed at. In fact, the people are tired of politics. Certainly I discerned a general disposition to ignore the silver issue. As a New York State legislator, I am not dead. We are licked and badly licked, and that is all there is to it. Certainly all silver men whom I have talked with in Nebraska feel that way. However, there is a strong disposition to reunite the Democratic party, and I will be much surprised if it does not come about first from the West. They feel keenly the disasters to the party, and leaders on both sides are ready to get together and make the best of the situation. The Democrats, unfitted, feel that they can carry the State. The Republicans, on the other hand, have struck Nebraska hard, and it looks as if it had come to stay."

William C. Melkie, a prominent investor of Omaha, who represents a number of wealthy corporations which loan money in the Western States, declares in an interview that his clients are now willing to loan money on Nebraska securities in large amounts, although for two years past they have been calling in their investments in the State and lending absolutely nothing. Mr. Melkie says: "One of my clients talked to me about a great corporation with \$50,000,000 capital which has been organized in Philadelphia for the purpose of manufacturing a variety of articles from cornstarch. He declared that the success of this experiment had increased the prices of the Nebraska land on which his company held mortgages about \$7 an acre. This, of course, applies to that land capable of raising corn. This enterprise shortly will establish several big factories in the West, of which one will be at Omaha. There is no disputing the business improvements in this part of the West. I do not look for a boom, but for a very healthy improvement generally through the whole work and all classes will be benefited. Eastern investors feel the improvement even more distinctly than we do out here. They are in the closest touch with money channels. They drew in their money when the hard times threatened in this section some time before we realized it here and now they are releasing their funds before we realize it, because their superior opportunities for discerning approaching changes in the financial world enables them to see further than we do."

Testimony from other sources is of similar import. President George Payne of the Fidelity Trust Company of Omaha, declares that mortgages which his company owns are being paid in full as they mature; that there seems to be plenty of money in circulation, and that the agricultural community is particularly well off. Others corroborate these statements and tell of important enterprises which are in prospect, which will enlist large amounts of capital and insure the employment of thousands of laborers in the near future.

It is small matter for wonder in view of these facts, that Bryan's supporters are anxious to call him off from the lecture platform. His calamitous forebodings do not chime in with the prospect of reviving industries. He sounds a discordant note in the grand symphony. He is a misfit and a fraud.

Reliable information has been received from the warpath upon which

Capt. Hatfield is traveling, that the captain has not yet commenced hostilities, and the people of the section which the path traverses are enjoying themselves while they may. With Mr. Hatfield at large the reign of peace cannot be long continued, and that the short, sharp crack of the six-shooter will soon be punctuating the silence in West Virginia and thereabouts is a certainty. When Capt. Hatfield gets his gun and goes forth for to slay, there is a warm time on the banks of Bitter Creek and its tributaries.

The striking miners are evidently not good campaigners or they would not hesitate about marching because of a little thing like a rainstorm. The old boys who fought in the war usually found that the hard marches commenced in wet weather and ended as soon as the sky cleared, and more than one big battle has been fought with the rain pouring down in sheets. The man who enlists for the war has to take the weather as it comes, and the only easy way is to go along and make the best of it. The latter-day striker don't know how to fight.

Anarchists in New York are said to be pleased over the assassination of Premier Canovas. But it seems hardly worth while to send this information out, for it is difficult to understand why the normal-minded people of the world should care a whit what the Anarchists think on any subject, any more than they would to get the opinion of a dog with the hydrophobia on the same subject. Of course the Anarchists are pleased. Their trade is cold-blooded assassination—why should they not be?

THE TIMES is pleased to note that a committee of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association is to take up the question of pure food, and will place their label upon such products as are found of proper grade. This is an excellent move. Now let every one "stand in" for the consumption of home products that are guaranteed by the label of this live and efficient organization.

As was expected would happen, the Sheriff of San Francisco county refuses to commit the two newspaper men whom a notary public wanted locked up for contempt of notary. If contempt of notary is a high crime and misdemeanor the several counties of the State had better begin building larger and more jails as quickly as possible. They will be needed.

It has been presumed that they did not raise much of anything up at Julian, in San Diego county, except gold and silver, but here comes the news that she has a 100,000-acre apple crop. A country that grows money on trees and in the rocks, too, is all right.

Shasta county is the latest district to uncover a Klondyke that makes the imagination glisten. California does not propose to take a back seat for any gold country that wears mittens, moccasins and eats moose meat, if she knows herself, and she thinks she do.

Secretary Bliss has done a wise and timely thing in warning men who have the Klondyke fever against rushing North this fall, but it will probably have about as much effect as would one of Tom Watson's famous editorials on a Populist convention.

An Ontario man has succeeded in going into insolvency with upward of \$31,000 liabilities and but \$100 worth of assets. This is quite as good a showing as anything brought down from Klondyke. And there was no frost—except for the creditors.

It turns out that one of the city's notorious crooks and sure-thing gamblers did not commit suicide after all, as was at first reported. This is the worst piece of luck Los Angeles has had since Alger refused to let our harbor be built.

San Diego county reports the greatest wheat crop in its history; but all the pleasure is taken out of this statement when one considers that the jobberwork still has its haunts and rears its young in the same county.

There is to be a newspaper in the Klondyke, and a woman is to edit it. The women are evidently not to be numbered among the lights which fall up there, for they are proving themselves "nach-baw'n" rusers.

The University of California has reopened, and the importance of the event is made emphatic by the announcement of the captain of the football team that he will issue a call for his men on August 19.

Japan is also going to the gold standard as fast as the circumstances will allow. The crime of '73 is being duplicated in so many countries that it is losing much of its gapping and gory appearance.

If any one should notice a sudden rise in the chloride-of-lime market he may safely attribute it to the reopening of the salacious Parson Brown case in San Francisco.

Another collapsed balloon has been seen in the White Sea, but there is danger that it may turn out to be a dead whale, and that the story may be collapsed also.

If it is a fact that Secretary Sherman's strong letters are occasioned by a failing mind, here's hoping some more of our statesmen will catch the same complaint.

The Society of Pioneers has been successfully launched, and the hardy pioneer of '92 will have to flock by himself. An old-timers' picnic is now in order.

The man who permits fruit to rot on the trees, or underneath them, may ex-

pect a big crop of worms the following year. This is a point worth remembering.

There is one good thing about Klondyke; when a man dies they can lay his remains away in the preservative snow until his folks can be heard from.

The Boston Transcript has worked off the worst one yet. It says: "When a man has the gold fever, let him alone. Argue not with an argonaut."

Mrs. Lease continues in the field as a candidate for Governor of Kansas. It is a big field, and there is no law against candidates, so go it, Mary!

Prince Henri d'Orleans should not overlook the opportunities for the kinetoscope when he starts in on that series of duels.

An Ohio man claims to have caught a two-headed catfish. Trust an Ohio man to gobble onto a rare thing going around.

If this thing keeps up, the quotations on silver will shortly be in car-load lots, f.o.b.

Mr. Tesla appears to be the Keely of the world of electricity.

ALASKA'S CLIMATE.

VALUABLE INFORMATION ISSUED BY THE WEATHER BUREAU.

The Coast Climate is Temperate and Humid, but Rigorous Cold Prevails in the Interior—Four Hours of Daylight in Winter.

In view of the general public interest in the Alaskan gold fields, an official statement concerning the climate of the Territory, recently issued by Willis L. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau, under the direction of Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, will prove of much value. The information will be especially serviceable to those intending to go to Alaska. The statement is as follows:

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, WASHINGTON (D. C.), July 29, 1897.

The general conception of Alaskan climate is largely due to those who follow the sea, and this is not strange when we consider the vast extent of shore line (over 26,000 miles) possessed by that territory. The climates of the coast and the interior are unlike in many respects, and the differences are amplified in this respect by the fact that the coast is exposed to the influence of the ocean, while the interior is sheltered by the mountains.

The natural contrast between land and sea is here tremendously increased by the current of warm water that impinges on the coast of British Columbia, one branch flowing northward toward Sitka, and thence westward to Kadiak and Shumagin Islands. The frigid current that separates the mainland from the Pacific Ocean from Dixon Sound northward, and also a strip of the mainland for possibly twenty miles from the sea, following the sweep of the coast as it curves to the northward to the western extremity of Alaska, form a distinct climatic division, which may be termed temperate Alaska.

The temperature rarely falls to zero; winter does not set in until about December 1, and by the last of May the snow has disappeared except on the mountains. The mean winter temperature of Sitka is 32.5 deg., but little less than that of Washington, D. C. While Sitka is fully exposed to the sea influence, places farther inland, but not over the coast range of mountains, as Killisnoo and Juneau, have also a mild temperature throughout the winter months. The temperature changes from month to month in temperate Alaska are small, not exceeding 25 deg. from midwinter to midsummer. The average temperature of July, the warmest month of summer, rarely reaches 55 deg., and the highest temperature for a single day seldom reaches 75 deg.

The rainfall of temperate Alaska is not so heavy as that of the temperate regions of the world over, not only as regards the quantity that falls, but also as to the manner of its falling, viz: In long and incessant rains and drizzles, which change very quickly; there being on an average but sixty-six clear days in the year.

Alaska is a land of striking contrasts, both in the soil and in topography. When the sun shines, the atmosphere is remarkably clear, the scenic effects are magnificent, all nature seems to be in holiday attire. But the scene may change very quickly; the sky becomes overcast; the winds increase in force; rain begins to fall; the evergreens sigh ominously, and utter desolation and loneliness prevail.

North of the Alutian Islands the coast climate becomes more rigorous in winter, but in summer the difference is much less marked. Thus, at St. Michael, the frigid current along the mouth of the Yukon, the mean temperature is 50 deg., but 4 deg. cooler than Sitka. The mean summer temperature of Point Barrow, the most northerly point in the United States, is 38.8 deg., but four-tenths of a degree less than the temperature of the air flowing across the summit of Pike's Peak, Colorado.

The rainfall of the coast region north of the Yukon delta is small, diminishing to less than ten inches within the Arctic circle. The climate of the interior, including that designation practically all of the country except a narrow fringe of coastal margin and the territory between the Yukon and the coast range, is one of extreme rigor in winter, with a brief but relatively hot summer, especially when the sky is free from clouds.

In the Klondyke region in midwinter the sun rises from 9:30 to 10 a.m. and sets from 2 to 3 p.m., the total length of daylight being about four hours. Remembering that the sun rises but a few degrees above the horizon, and that it is wholly obscured on a great many days, the character of the winter months may easily be imagined.

We are indebted to the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for a series of six months' observations on the Yukon, not far from the site of the present gold discoveries. The observations were made with standard instruments and are wholly reliable. The mean temperature of the months October, 1896, to April, 1897, both inclusive, are as follows: October, 32 deg. (above zero); November, 8 deg. (above zero); December, 11 deg. (below zero); January, 17 deg. (below zero); February, 15 deg. (below zero); March, 6 deg. (above zero); April, 20 deg. (above zero).

The daily mean temperature fell and remained below the freezing point (32 deg.) from November 18, 1896, to April 21, 1897, thus giving 168 days as the length of the closed season 1896-97, assuming that outdoor operations are controlled when the temperature falls to or below the freezing point.

The lowest temperatures registered during the winter were 32 deg. below zero.

In November, 47 deg. below in December, 59 deg. below in January, 65 deg. below in February, 45 deg. below in March, 26 deg. below in April.

The greatest continuous cold occurred in February, 1896, when the daily mean for five consecutive days was 47 deg. below zero. The weather moderated slightly about the 1st of March, but the temperature still remained below the freezing point. Generally cloudy weather prevailed, with occasional but three consecutive days in any month with clear weather during the whole winter. Snow fell on about one-third of the days in winter, and was on the ground in the early spring and late fall months.

Greater cold than that here noted has been experienced in the United States for a very short time, but never has it continued so very cold for so long a time. In the interior of Alaska the winter sets in as early as September, when snowstorms may be expected in the mountains and passes. Headway during one of these storms is impossible, and the traveler who is overtaken by them is indeed fortunate if he escapes with his life. Snowstorms of great severity may occur in any month from September to May, inclusive.

The changes of temperature from winter to summer are rapid, owing to the great increase in the length of the day. In May the sun rises at about 3 a.m. and sets about 9 p.m. In June it rises about 1:30 in the morning and sets at 10:30 p.m., giving about twenty hours of daylight and diffuse twilight the remainder of the time.

The mean summer temperature of the interior doubtless ranges between 60 and 70 deg. according to elevation, being highest in the middle and lower Yukon valleys. WILLIS L. MOORE.

RAILROADS RUSHED.

Large Increase Noted of General Business.

Between the rush of business incidental to the late continental and prevailing suburban excursions, and the general increase of regular business, the local managers of the Southern Pacific transportation department are brought face to face with a condition that has not confronted them for many months. They have not sufficient number of men to handle the trains running out of Los Angeles. The local business of the road has, in fact, been suffering considerably during the past few months, and the lack of competent men to operate the company's trains. The endeavor excursion rush now being entirely over, as far as local divisions are concerned, a much larger force will be at the company's command to attend to the regular business, but in spite of these additions, local officers say, a wide discrepancy will still exist if present indications continue to hold good for any length of time.

The result of an unusually heavy orange crop has caused considerable activity among shippers in obtaining accommodations for packing. Every available packing shed, warehouse, Redlands, Riverside, Colton and other orange-growing centers has already been engaged, although it will be several months yet before the oranges will have occasion to use the buildings. The railroad companies also have taken cognizance of the indications for a heavy crop of oranges, and are making every preliminary preparation necessary for the proper handling of shipments.

According to the best estimates of Santa Fe officials, nearly 8000 people have left for the East over their line during the past few days. The number of passengers on the Santa Fe line has not yet been announced, and the difficulty of approximating the number of tickets sold is increased by the fact that passengers who have been leaving the State by both the northern routes.

The excursion business on the Southern Pacific has been principally over the northern route. The returning endeavorers evidently feared the trip East by way of El Paso, because of reports of excessive heat. The excursion business in San Francisco by interested representatives of northern lines. Realizing the truth of the situation in advance, the Southern Pacific Company arranged for a series of cut-rate excursions from San Francisco to Los Angeles and Imperial Valley, and returning by the same route. The purpose of enabling excursionists arriving on the Coast by the northern routes to visit the southern portion of the State, and removing the ordinary incentive to make the return trip by the southern lines. Thus much of the travel that naturally would have gone to the Coast by the Southern Pacific, as is evident from the fact that nearly three thousand tourists took advantage of the side trip.

BURGULARS CAPTURED.

The New Colored Policeman Distinguishes Himself.

Officer Randolph, the new colored policeman, was the principal man on the force yesterday. Randolph, who has his star only a few weeks ago, and like all new officers yearned for an opportunity to show that he was worthy to wear it. Unlike one Moore, who was appointed policeman about the same time, Randolph did not celebrate his good fortune by getting drunk the first time he put on his uniform. On the contrary, Randolph kept his brain clear and his eye peeled for a chance to distinguish himself.

The opportunity came yesterday morning, and the dusky "copper" promptly improved it. Result: Two men in the City Jail charged with burglary and larceny, and a stolen jewelry and other plunder recovered.

As Officer Randolph was patrolling his beat on San Fernando street, he saw three suspicious characters alight from a car at Ann street. They carried several small bundles, and the moment they saw the officer eyeing them, they broke and ran. Randolph gave chase, and when they turned the corner of a building, the officer turned and doubled in the opposite direction. He was rewarded at the second turn by having the trio link into his open arms. Randolph succeeded in keeping his hold on two of them, but the third made his escape through an old barn.

The bundles which the culprits dropped in their flight were gathered up and found to contain a lot of jewelry and other articles of more or less value. Among the plunder were 131 copper cents.

At the station the prisoners were found to answer the description of the burglars who robbed the jewelry store of E. Scribner at Downey last Monday night. The plunder recovered tallies with the articles that were stolen from Scribner.

The prisoners will be taken to Downey for examination in the Township Justice Court. Their names are Charles Miller and George Morris.

Boy Bitten by a Dog. While George Coffman, a twelve-year-old boy, was delivering fruit on Le Grande street, yesterday, a vicious bulldog belonging to a colored man by the name of Simpson, bit him in the leg. The boy had the wound cauterized at the Receiving Hospital, but this was not bad enough, so he got Asst. Dist. Atty. Chambers to issue a complaint against Simpson for keeping a vicious dog.

Spared the Policeman. CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Charles McCafferty, a baker, was ordered by his wife today by cutting her throat with a razor and then committing suicide by shooting. Clifford suspected his wife of undue intimacy with a policeman.

THE SNOW TRAIL.

HOW TRAVELERS MUST TOIL ACROSS CHILCOOT PASS.

A Letter from the Ice Gorges of Alaska—Written Amid Howling Storms in the Last Camp Before the Summit is Crossed.

Fire Chief Walter H. Moore has just received a letter written among the rocks and snow drifts of the Chilcoot Pass by J. F. Hemp, a hardy miner who came down from Alaska last fall with \$1500 taken from his claim at Circle City and Forty Mile, and who has now returned to seek further fortune in the Klondyke country. The letter is like a breath from the North in its breezy energy and philosophic endurance of hardship and discomfort. Hemp writes from Sheep's Camp, on March 24: "I started for the interior about March 12, and have made only twelve miles from Dyea. It has been so stormy we could hardly get over the trail. The summit is five miles above us, and will be hard to get over with our outfit. Sheep's Camp, so named on account of mountain sheep driven down by the snow and cold, and all killed here by the Indians many years ago, is the last camping place on this side of the mountains. As there is no timber or shelter about Dyea, we must stay here until everything is hauled and packed over the mountains, and then wait for a pleasant day to start over with our tent and grub-box. We must make nine miles to timber on the other side before we can pitch our tents again."

"We can haul 100 pounds from here to the foot of the mountain, four miles, and as every one has an outfit of nearly one thousand pounds, we must go over the trail ten times from here to the foot of the mountain. We must pack our stuff, fifty pounds at a time, for a mile over the mountain, and must go twenty times to get our whole outfit over. As there is only one pleasant day out of three or four, you see it takes a long time to get over this terrible mountain. After we get on the other side we do not encounter such storms as we do on this side, and make much better progress."

"I have two dogs, not very large, but they are good pullers and are a great help to me on the trail. After I get over the summit I shall have to go over the trail twice for about one hundred and fifty miles, when I shall build a boat, put everything in, dogs and all, and start for the Yukon. Then it will be much easier."

"There are about one hundred tents here now, and over two hundred and fifty people are coming every day. I think about one hundred will go over the summit this year. They will nearly all bunch up here, and will make this a big camp in two weeks' time."

"The following naive bit of home life in Alaska is a delicious outline sketch of the comradeship between patient man and dog. The trail is a long trail over the mountains: 'I am getting dinner now, and if you will excuse me for a while I will eat it. My dogs are awful hungry, and they are looking me out of countenance, and wondering why I don't hurry up and eat, so here goes for dinner. . . . Well, my hand and fingers are cold, the coffee is cold, and the oatmeal is cold, and I have boiled together for Ned and Prince tasted equally good to them. My dogs are awful hungry, and they are looking me out of countenance, and wondering why I don't hurry up and eat, so here goes for dinner. . . . Well, my hand and fingers are cold, the coffee is cold, and the oatmeal is cold, and I have boiled together for Ned and Prince tasted equally good to them. My dogs are awful hungry, and they are looking me out of countenance, and wondering why I don't hurry up and eat, so here goes for dinner. . . . 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THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles.
Aug. 11.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.93; at 5 p.m., 29.94. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 63 deg. and 73 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 89 per cent.; 5 p.m., 69 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., east, velocity 2 m.p.h.; 5 p.m., west, velocity 8 m.p.h. Maximum temperature, 81 deg.; minimum temperature, 60 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

It is sincerely to be hoped for the sake of possible speculators in damaged-freight-claim warrants against the Pacific Coast Steamship Company that all due publicity will be given to the circumstances surrounding the loss of the City of Mexico in Alaskan waters and the character of her cargo.

The City Council of San Diego is considering the question of establishing an electric-light plant to be owned by the city. It is thought that an arrangement can be made whereby the plant will be built by private individuals, from whom the city will purchase, making payment in monthly installments.

The decision of the court sustaining the right of the City Treasurer to sell city lots in default of payment of street bonds will have a quieting effect, and no harm would be done if it were not for the appeal to the Supreme Court and the principles involved once for all established. This decision will clear away some obstacles in the way of improving the public streets.

The fall races of the Orange County Fair Association promise to be of unusual interest. The directors have made an innovation, which should be a considerable stimulus to the sport. There will be a special race and purse for horses owned by residents of San Diego county, and it is expected that this will prove a drawing card. A large number of entries is assured.

MUSICAL MENTION.

The Musical Festival, under the direction of C. S. Cornell and under the auspices of the University Extension at Ocean Park, opened last evening with an attendance that comfortably filled the large tent. The programme was well received and a number of encores were demanded. The evening opened with the cantata, "Fair Ellen" (Max Bruch), with Miss Adelaide Beardsley, soprano; Edward Quinlan, baritone; a chorus of 200 voices and an orchestra of eight pieces. The second part was devoted to a miscellaneous programme, in which there were several vocal solos and a number of selections and the singing of the State hymn (Josephine Gro) by the chorus. Señor J. Ramirez, bandurrist, tinkled a solo, giving in response to an encore a medley of time-honored jingles. Mrs. T. E. Rowan, Jr., who supplied Miss Joy's place, was warmly encored for her singing of "The King of Thule" (Liszt), and responded with "The Maiden and the Butterfly" (D'Albert), which was given with much daintiness and expression. Mrs. Rowan later in the evening sang Beethoven's "Approach of Spring." Miss Adelaide Beardsley sang the aria "O Don Fausto," from the opera of "Don Carlos" (Verdi), and proved herself the possessor of several sweet notes in the middle register. Her singing was well received, and her solo was cordially encored. Mr. Quinlan's rendering of the "Toreador" from "Carmen" was received with much enthusiasm, though it suffered from a lifeless tempo and a lack of fire. In response to the encore, Pinette's "Bedouin Love Song" was given in equally cool fashion. The chorus, in singing in a tent doubtless placed the singers at a disadvantage, which was further increased by the total inadequacy of the orchestra, a fault, however, which Mr. Cornell announced would be remedied at the concert this evening, when a full orchestra will assist.

The programme this evening will be made up entirely of Beethoven numbers. The "Choral Fantasia" will be given, with Mrs. Modini-Wood, the charming soprano; Mrs. T. E. Rowan, Jr., contralto; Mr. Modini-Wood, tenor; Adams Owen of London, basso; the full chorus and orchestra. Mrs. Rowan will also sing "In Questa Tomba," and Mr. Cornell will sing "Adelaide." The orchestra will play the overture to "Egmont," the Andante from the First Symphony, and the "Turkish March" from "Ruins of Athens."

ARRESTED AND ESCAPED.

Blackburn Wanted for Writing Scurrilous Postal Cards.
Charles F. Blackburn, the individual who wrote a series of abusive and threatening postal cards to Col. H. G. Otis during last June and July, and who was indicted last Saturday by the United States grand jury, was arrested at Colton yesterday morning, and shortly afterward escaped from the officers.

Blackburn's past history bears the record of a similar offense committed in Seattle, Wash., where his abusive cards were directed to the editor of the Post-Intelligencer. He was arrested in that city, November 24, 1895, was indicted by the grand jury on December 27, and tried during the following January. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$500 and cost, and to serve a year in the United States prison at McNeil's Island, Seattle. After his release he changed his base of operations to San Bernardino, where he resumed his old amusement, but in a different direction. The work of tracing the handwriting was carried patiently on at the local postoffice, and a short time ago similar correspondence upon a letter led to the discovery of the offender.

Deputy Marshal Pounds was sent out to San Bernardino last Saturday evening, and was expected to return with his man on Monday morning. Blackburn is said to be a mining expert, and dapt on the silver question.

A Pincer-welder Pinched.
On July 9 Carlo Galga had a dispute with his employer, Friedrich Kilmser, a shoemaker on Commercial street, about wages. Galga struck Kilmser, a ugly blow in the face with a pair of pincers, then decamped. Kilmser swore out a warrant for Galga's arrest on the charge of battery, but the culprit kept in hiding until yesterday, when Deputy Constable Mugnemi got his eagle eyes upon Galga and landed him behind the bars.

Six Chinamen Arrested.
Deputy Constable Mugnemi arrested six Chinamen yesterday for violating the vegetable-wagon license ordinance. They were hauled up before Justice Morrison and each was fined \$2 on separate charges.

[Indianapolis Journal.] "I don't believe young Bitcher is very happy under the matrimonial yoke."
"He ain't. His wife won't buy him as good clothes as father used to."

BRYANT IS IN THE TOOLS.

A NOTARY PUBLIC ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED FRAUD.

Title Insurance Company Begins a Campaign Against Notaries Who Assist in Making Bogus Deed Transactions Possible.

The Abstract and Title Insurance Company has at last commenced a campaign against notaries public who, either through negligence or criminal intent, issue fraudulent certificates of acknowledgment. This is the direct result of the Ware-Davis et al. case which has been engaging the attention of the courts for some time. The circumstances are too familiar to the public to need rehearsing. Suffice it to say that Ware and his accomplices succeeded in borrowing \$1000 from the Columbia Savings Bank on the strength of a bogus deed.

This bogus deed and mortgage swindle has been worked successfully and often in Los Angeles, and it is to stop this practice that the abstract company has initiated the present proceeding against notaries.

This accounts for the arrest of E. I. Bryant, notary public.

Notary Bryant was arrested yesterday morning and taken before Justice Morrison, who released him on his own recognizance. Late in the afternoon, the Justice issued another order requiring Bryant to give \$150 cash, or \$300 bond. Bryant was rearrested and locked up in the City Jail, while his friends and attorney sketched around for bondsmen. It was not long before Bryant's brother, who is Justice of the Peace for Ballona township, and another bondsman had qualified for the required amount.

Clerk Stockwell accepted the bond, but Justice Morrison had gone to Santa Monica without signing an order for prisoner's release. Justice Bryant, one of the bondsmen, offered to sign such an order, but Chief of Police Glass refused to turn him loose without an order from Justice Morrison.

Attorney Ladd, representing the prisoner, then made application to Superior Judge Allen for writ of habeas corpus. Judge Allen said the writ would be unavailing at that time of night, even if granted; so that course was abandoned.

Bryant's friends did not rest, however, and about midnight they succeeded in finding Justice Morrison and getting the necessary order from him. Bryant was then released.

His attorney and friends say he will be able to clear himself of the charge in due course of law. They denounce Bryant's brief incarceration as an outrage and imposition. The police say they could not do otherwise than lock him up until released by order of the court.

It will be remembered that Mrs. Reinold in her testimony in the Ware case said that the William Strong who figured in the transaction whereby the Columbia Savings Bank was swindled, was merely a man of straw used by J. Frank Bowen and herself in making fictitious real-estate transfers. Mrs. Reinold's office adjoins that of E. I. Bryant in the Nolan & Smith Block, and it was he who took Strong's acknowledgment to the alleged fraudulent deed. It is for this specific act that Bryant was arrested, and it will be for him to prove now that William Strong is not a mythical personage and that he personally appeared before Bryant and acknowledged the deed. Unless he can do this his commission as a notary public may be revoked, and he be liable to a fine and imprisonment.

SPANISH ARISTOCRACY.

Indignant Over the Criticism in a Recent Dispatch.

Señorita Z. Sepulveda, in a lengthy and wrathful communication to The Times, expresses her opinion of an article in the New York Times which made the sweeping condemnation of the "Los Angeles aristocracy," in connection with the late Bradbury-Ward scandal, which was printed a few days ago among the dispatches to The Times.

Señorita Sepulveda says that "the Spanish people of this city were shocked and insulted" by this article, and that, being Spanish herself, she feels it her duty to answer it. The first place, Señorita Sepulveda adds the positive proof of the writer's ignorance of the subject from the fact that the erring heroine of the defunct "romance" is purely American, without a trace of Spanish blood. She further avers that the man who played the principal part in this romance may be an Indian, but he has undoubtedly shown himself to the world as a gentleman. And also that "because the Bradbury family have Indian and Mexican blood in their veins is no reason why the rest of the Spanish population should be abusive."

Referring to the old days of Spanish dominion in Southern California, Señorita Sepulveda says: "If the writer would look back or had lived in Los Angeles years ago, he would find out that society was society then, and not what it is now. In those days they drew the line at cooks, waitresses and washerwomen. They did not bow down to them because they were wrapped in gold leaf."

As to the present "swagger set," Señorita Sepulveda energetically observes: "It makes my Castilian blood boil when I am introduced to some cook who swims in the soup of our '400,' especially one who cooked for my mother."

As a parting shot at the misguided eastern writer, Señorita Sepulveda proudly declares: "He ends his article by saying that our society is so corrupted morally that the Bradbury-Ward scandal was no novelty. Well, I suppose it was no novelty among the Americans, for it is an every-day occurrence, but point out to me one señorita in all California who has ever done anything to disgrace her parentage. No; it takes an American to do that."

Home Products Committee.

Secretary Zeehandelaar received a letter from Senator White yesterday in which the latter expressed his willingness to do anything in his power in regard to the introduction of home products in the military posts in Arizona and San Diego, but that the authorities at Washington were rather determined regarding any plan which they might adopt for the purchase of provisions at the posts.

A letter on the same question was also received from Dr. Campbell, medical superintendent at the Asylum for the Insane at Highland, stating that it was the wish of those in charge of the institution to buy all the goods possible from California manufacturers.

The Color

In a cheap paint may look as well when first applied as that of a substantial paint, but take it in a few months and you'll see the difference. The ingredients of the good paint will not only preserve the woodwork but they also preserve the color. Harrison paint color cards for the asking.

P. H. MATHEWS

238-240
South Main Street,
Middle of Block
Bet. 2nd and 3d Streets.

Superior Advantages

Offered by this college to young people desiring to fit themselves for useful positions. Complete courses in Bookkeeping, Short-hand, Telegraphy and Assaying. Competent teachers. Students may enter at any time. Evening sessions. Send for new catalogue or call at the office.

Los Angeles Business College
212 W. Third St., Currier Block.

Strings.

We carry in stock every sort of string for every sort of musical instrument. We would like to have you investigate our low prices. It may be to your advantage.

Southern California Music Co., Broadway Bldg.
212-213 W. 4th St.



Looking for the Best Optician?

Don't fail to see us. The fitting and making of glasses is our exclusive business—we do nothing else. We understand the science of fitting glasses—and also of making the lenses, frames and all that correspond to the results of your test. Quite important this is, but many overlook it in search for the best. An exclusive optical house can serve you right—no one else. Eyes tested free.

J. G. Mathews, Optician
245 S. Spring
Established 1889. Look for CROWN on the window.

Undermuslins, Children's Wear, and Shirt Waists at Manufacturers' Prices this week.

I. MAGNIN & CO.,
Manufacturers,
237 S. Spring St., Myer Siegel, Mgr.

Ladies' of Los Angeles are thankful they can get

SOAP FOAM

Washing Powder because it does the work for them.
5c, 15c and 25c packages.

Come Ladies

Look at our \$2 Kid Button Shoe for

SNYDER SHOE CO.,
Broadway and Third.
Bartlett's Music House,
Everything in Music.
233 S. Spring St. Established 1874.
Sole Agency—
Steinway Planos.

CREME de ACACIA.

A strictly hygienic vegetable pith produced from acacia, which contains and imparts Oxygen to the skin, thereby purging all impurities and stimulating the tissues.

Imperial Hair Bazaar,
Sole Importers, 224-226 W. Second Street.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Special attention paid to embalming and shipping bodies. Phone main 611.
DEYTER RAMON, 523 S. Spring Street.

No Single Thing

In our Big Store ever bounded into favor so quickly as our \$1.90 Hat for men.

We Scoured

The "Hat World" to get a way-up article we could stamp with our name and associate with our success. We found soft and stiff Hats in every shade and of a superior quality.

We Landed

Them at a big cost. We marked them \$1.90 and the public

Does the Rest.

Mullen & Blumett
101-103 North Spring Street
201-203-205-207-209 West First Street

H. JEVNE

You Need a Tonic

There is nothing like a good, pure, wholesome Malt Tonic to renew the exhausted vitality of these warm days. It is at once strengthening and refreshing for those in health as well as the invalid. We carry Johann Hoff's Liquid Bread, Hoff's Malt and the "Best" Tonic, for sale by the bottle, the dozen or barrel.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

THE FASHION

251 South Broadway, Byrne Bldg.

All of our Fancy Taffeta All-Silk, Fancy Gauze and Moire Ribbons that sold for up to 85c and 65c the yard have been reduced for the balance of this week to 35c and 25c per yard.

Specials in Ladies' Nightrobes. Odd lines and broken sizes. All garments that were up to \$2.00 reduced to \$1.10; those up to \$1.75 are only 90 cents and the balance of the lots are only

50c

Specials in Ladies' Hosiery. Hermendorf fast black, Richelleu Rib, reduced from 80 cents to 8 pairs for a dollar, and the regular 25-cent quality have been reduced to only

16 3/4c

Specials in Theatrical and Athletic Tights. Extra quality. Fine imported—worsted, footed tights, in black, cardinal, navy blue, steel gray, etc., and never sold anywhere under \$5 the pair, have been reduced to only

\$2.50

Specials in Theatrical and Athletic Tights. Imported fine Silk Footed Tights, in black, white, sky blues, pink, flesh, white, etc., which were heretofore sold for \$6.50, have been reduced to only

\$3.35

SPECIAL MENTION

For the benefit of economical mothers we will sell, for the balance of this week, a regular 25-cent fast black, seamless, stainless child's Stocking, in all sizes from 6 to 9 1/2, for only

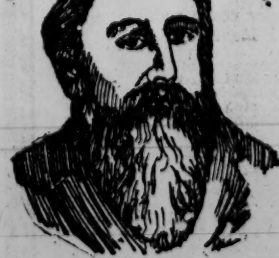
12 1/2 cents.

Just received a full line of those new style stock ties; Flowing Windsors, 2 1/2 yards long; Scotch Plaids, etc., 50 cents.

THE FASHION,

EVA HARTMAN, Mgr. Mail Orders Filled.
The Leading Fancy Goods Store of Los Angeles.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 18 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco and Los Angeles in all private diseases of men.

Not a dollar need be paid until cured.

CATARRH a Specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three months. Discharges of urine standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12. Address

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

CONSUMPTION CURED. Dr. W. Harrison Ballard 406 Stimson Block. "TREATISE ON CONSUMPTION" SENT ON REQUEST.

Newberry's

"Lead in Quality and Quantity."

Have the Best. When you use a substitute for coffee, Caramel Cereal has no equal. 15c package, \$1.50 dozen.

Japanese Satsuma Plums 2c per pound.

Asa Table Water GLEN ROCK has no equal. Price, delivered, at the rate of 15 gallons for \$1.00. Leave orders with us.
Telephone, Main 26. 216-218 S. Spring St.

Cadsmur Store Co.
314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST.
Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

J. E. Carr & Co.
Cut-Rate Grocers.

SPECIAL SALE THURSDAY
If you want good goods at bed-rock prices, it will pay you to see us.
Tel. Black 801. 623 South Broadway.

REFINEMENT.....

Is a quality from within—that expresses itself in outward signs. Rough diamonds are valuable—when found—but most people would hardly recognize them. Polish improves the most flawless gem. Good teeth are the polishing stamp of refinement to a face.

Painless dentistry—moderate charges—warranted work—make good teeth easy to have and keep.

DR. M. E. SPINKS, The Dentist,
Park Place, Cor. Fifth and Hill Sts.

End of the Elephant Sale

Each day brings out a new reduction that is genuine.

Today it's hats—straw hats—50 cents.

Think of it, hats that we have been selling all season for \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00, today 50 cents—and right in the middle of the season, too.

If you want a good straw hat that will last you all this season and next, and want it for 50 cents, you'll get it here. If you want price-package hats—but that's another proposition.

LOWMAN & CO., HATTERS and FURNISHERS,
131 South Spring Street.

When you get tired of the drunken life you're leading and make up your mind that you'd rather stay sober—take the Keeley treatment. It will cure your body as well as your mind. Full information by mail.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts.,
Over Farmers and Merchants' Bank.

The Importance of Pure Drugs.

And the perfect compounding of them, cannot be overestimated. No matter how thoroughly your doctor understands your case, his advice and prescriptions will avail nothing unless they are both fully carried out. Our drugs are the best, and our skill—well, there's none better.

Express prepaid on all orders of \$5 or over within 100 miles of Los Angeles. Catalogue free.

SALE & SON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists. 220 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Go to The Potter-Snow Store

FOR DELICACIES, ALL HOME COOKING. Chamber of Commerce Building. 408 South Broadway. FINEST FITTED UP STORE IN THE CITY.

OUTLOOK FOR OIL.

PRODUCERS LABORING TO RE-STORE PROFITABLE PRICES.

Failure of Negotiations With the Southern Pacific for the Use of Oil in Its Engines—Causes of Existing Depression.

The local oil producers are anything but cheerful this morning. A proposition which, if successfully carried through, would have placed the price of oil back to profitable figures, collapsed late yesterday afternoon, and there is every indication that the present low prices will prevail for some time to come.

For several days past a movement has been on foot among many of the more extensive producers to perfect some plan the object of which was to supply the Southern Pacific Company with oil to be used upon its locomotives instead of coal. There was a mutual understanding that if a certain quantity of oil could be furnished the railroad company regularly at acceptable figures a contract would be immediately entered into to supply all the locomotives running in this vicinity, about twenty-five in number. The plan proposed and which proved acceptable to the Southern Pacific Company was to supply the necessary amount of oil, this party, in turn, to enter into a contract with the railroad company. Oil would be furnished for a period of six months at prices increasing by a certain percentage each month, until the sum of \$1 per barrel should be reached. This seemed a fair proposition to all concerned, the producers being willing to accept a figure even below the cost of production for the first month, with the expectation that with an increased demand the surplus which now stagnates the market would soon be absorbed and the oil fields would once more become paying property.

Yesterday when the decisive day came, the oil producers met and decided that the plan was a failure. The reason for this was that the Southern Pacific Company is willing to accept oil for fuel on all its local engines, provided satisfactory arrangements as to cost and supply can be made. Should a conclusive understanding finally be reached the future for the local oil industry will practically have been solved. The Santa Fe, which uses oil largely on this division, consumes in the neighborhood of 30,000 barrels per month. The Southern Pacific would use nearly as much.

The present total output is about 50,000 barrels monthly, which would leave a shortage of 10,000 barrels each month if the Southern Pacific were to consume an amount equal to that of the Santa Fe. The Southern Pacific, however, has wells in operation on its own property south of this city, the output of which would easily meet the shortage. The oil from these wells has been stored for several weeks past, while the company, at the same time, has taken advantage of the prevailing low prices by making extensive purchases during the past few days. Only a week or so ago a purchase of 170,000 gallons was made, the oil being stored for future use.

"I would not be surprised at receiving an order any day to convert a number of our local engines to oil," said Master Mechanic Sheedy yesterday. "Although I do not anticipate any very extensive changes at present, I am inclined to believe that of course, at least, the company will use only such oil as it has stored and is receiving from its own wells, unless a contract for a general purchase is entered into with local producers by the management. Several weeks ago oil was being burned on ten of our local engines, the supply of which was from our own wells. When this was finally exhausted, the company went upon the market, but found the prices too high, and the engines were at once changed to coal-burners. Everything else being equal, oil is somewhat preferable to coal, as it emits no gas or smoke to speak of. Besides, the oil is cleaner about the train, there being no cinders to annoy the passengers or to grind the varnish off the body of the coaches."

Assistant Superintendent Prior, when seen last evening, reiterated Mr. Sheedy's statement concerning the previous use and final abandonment of oil as fuel on local engines. "Had the market prices ranged anywhere within reason at the time the company's storage supply became exhausted, the oil-burning engines would not have been changed, and the probability clearly is that the market, instead of being in the demagogic position in which it has since sunk, would have remained reasonably firm. I have no doubt whatever that if the company could receive a guarantee for the supply of a certain amount of oil monthly at reasonable figures, many, if not all, our local engines would be changed to oil-burners at once."

The causes for the prevailing depression in the local oil market are several. Chief among them, of course, is over-production, or rather, over-supply. Another important factor is found in the immense storage facilities of the Santa Fe Company. Several months ago the Santa Fe entered into a contract for its oil supply on the Southern Californian branch, and soon after had constructed in this city a storage tank with a capacity of 100,000 barrels. This tank alone would supply sufficient oil to run their locomotives for about three months. The contract expired last June and the company, finding the market exceptionally dull, laid in a full supply. The effect of such action can be realized when it is understood that the Santa Fe, at the time the principal purchaser, had absolutely withdrawn from the market for more than sixty days. There is not a producer in the city who has tankage facilities for more than a thousand barrels, and a good well would fill that in less than a month. With full tanks and no demand at the prices ranging a month or so ago, the producers sought the best market they could find, preferring to dispose of their oil at a much lower figure and continue pumping rather than shut down altogether. So the pumps were kept constantly running and the surplus continued to increase and prices continued their downward tendency until today the best oil is freely offered at 20 cents per barrel with no takers.

During the past few days there has been a marked improvement in the demand abroad. Since the market price has been ranging so low San Francisco manufacturers have been looking to the Los Angeles oil fields for fuel as a matter of economy. The Southern Pacific's oil-carrying facilities have been taxed to the utmost and twenty-five tank-cars, in addition to the sixty-six now in constant use, have been ordered from New Orleans. The producers look upon the newly-opened foreign market with no small degree of hope, for they feel that once oil is given the place of coal in the great manufacturing establishments on the coast it will be given the preference in future, even in the face of a subsequent reestablishment of living prices.

According to the best estimates there are over 150 individual producers in Los Angeles representing over 350 active wells.

Foresters' Entertainment. West End Hall, on Temple street, was well filled with Foresters and their friends last night upon the occasion of an entertainment and dance

given under the auspices of Court Angeleno, No. 3422, Independent Order of Foresters, Court Deputy A. H. S. Harris officiated as master of ceremonies, and a programme comprising the following features was rendered: Opening remarks, Rev. W. A. Widney, of Court Los Angeles, No. 422; vocal solo, Mrs. J. B. Young; instrumental selection, Miss Addie Perry; vocal solo, Miss Stella Perry; remarks, W. R. Ober, Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger. The Misses Perry are daughters of High Secretary W. H. Perry, who was present, together with other prominent members of the order. Light refreshments were served and dancing followed to a late hour. Music was furnished by the Philharmonic Orchestra. The Committee of Arrangements consisted of H. B. Mackintosh, A. H. S. Perkins, Max B. Samson and F. K. Day.

BACK FROM THE HUNT.

SEVEN BEARS BAGGED BY LOS ANGELES NIMRODS.

Police Officer Harris Helped to Capture the Game, but Clerk Hensley Proved to Be a Hoodoo in the Hunters' Camp.

Police Clerk Hensley returned from his ten days' vacation and bear hunt yesterday without any bear. There were plenty of bear caught, however, by the party with whom he spent his outing, and there was no lack of game in the larger of the camp while he was there, even if he did not contribute much to keeping it replenished.

The successful bear hunters were Police Officer Harris, his brother, Bob Harris, and his father-in-law, Mr. Fletcher of Orange county. These three went into the mountains near Tehachapi about three weeks ago in search of big game. The Cuddaback brothers, cattlemen of Tehachapi, had complained for some time of the slaughter of their herds by bears, and these intrepid hunters went forth to slaughter the ursine marauders.

With a complete camp and hunting outfit at their disposal, the Harris party took themselves into the woods about a dozen miles from civilization. They took with them an old horse for bear bait. In addition to setting the steel trap, which was duly baited with dead horses, they also built two big bear pens, one of single and one double, making virtually four traps in all.

They were rewarded in a very short time by having a catch of six black and cinnamon bears to their credit. They also shot three deer and any quantity of gray squirrels and other small game.

At the expiration of his ten days' vacation, Officer Harris returned to the city, and Clerk Hensley took his place in the hunters' camp. Hensley proved to be a regular hoodoo. After his arrival, one more bear was caught. Another had his foot torn off in the steel trap, however, and one escaped from one of the log pens.

In vain did Clerk Hensley try to make up for his failure as a bear hunter by bagging a deer. He got within sight of three nice ones, but they wouldn't stand still to be shot. As a squirrel hunter the handsome police clerk had better luck. The squirrels were tame and allowed themselves to be shot without having any salt put on their tails.

Hensley's lame foot almost gave out when he trudged back to the railroad at the end of his vacation. He was on deck, however, to resume work at the desk at 11 o'clock last night. He says the atmosphere in the Tehachapi Mountains at this season of the year is delightful. He saw not a sign of fog during his stay there. The weather was superb both day and night—just the right thing for camping.

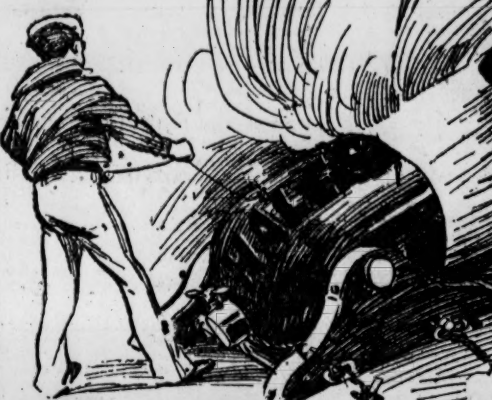
Officer Harris, since his return, has been besieged by Chinamen in quest of bear gall and paws. The Chinese pay big prices for these articles, which they prize as medicine.

The passenger train from San Diego struck a wagon about two miles south of Santa Fe Springs about 5:40 o'clock yesterday evening, completely demolishing it. The driver, a Mexican, escaped unhurt, but the horses were killed. The train was delayed only a few minutes by the accident.

Happy wedded life depends largely on the health of the wife. Her health depends a great deal on her knowledge of her physical make-up—the trials she must meet—the measures she must take to preserve her health. She may have this knowledge absolutely free if she will ask for it. It is contained in Dr. Pierce's great medical book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." 650,000 copies of this book have been sold at the regular price, \$1.50. As it is now offered in heavy paper covers, it contains the same matter. The 1008 pages with 300 illustrations are the very same. This vast treatise for 21 cents. That's the expense of mailing only. For ten cents more (31 cents in all) you can have the book in fine French cloth.

This book will give you, for a few minutes' reading each day, the best that Doctor Pierce has learned in over thirty years of study and practice of medicine. You have this knowledge condensed, boiled down. There is not one wasted or superfluous word in the book. It is not a book to be hidden away and consulted secretly. A few chapters are especially for women. These are carefully illustrated and free from professional terms. The book is what its name implies. It is an educator for busy people. Send to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S Just one little simple pill in a day or two, and you are only notified because they are unsightly things and cause slugs. But they are more than that. They are warnings. Signals that the blood is pure; a condition which may terminate in serious illness. Impure blood is due to constipation, and constipation is cured every time by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One "Pellet" in mild cases, otherwise two. Never gripe. Druggists sell them.

"QUALITY"—THE WATCH WORD
WOE TO THOSE THAT FLY
UNDER FALSE COLORS.

Why
PAY MORE FOR OLD GOODS
WHEN
NEW GOODS COST LESS

THE FIRST GUN IS FIRED. THE WAR IS ON

Our Mid-Summer Closing-Out Sale

We offer no apologies for our goods—they stand on their merits—sold on their merits. We don't handle second-hand goods—don't want to, don't have to. When we have to buy a one-horse stock of shelf-worn, cheap, out-of-date goods in order to sell our own, we'll decorate our windows with "insolvent" cards. The contrast in these methods shows our master-hand. No house on the Coast can equal our advantages in the wholesale world. Our inlet is large because the outlet is larger—"Hale's California Stores" (seven) buy together. Only new goods and strictly the best are handled. From now till September 1st we place on sale all Summer Goods—some that are not. It is to be a merciless warfare on cheap qualities and high prices. They are true, positive bargains, such as only Hale is able to offer—an annual event and lasts but two weeks. The shelves must be cleaned—we have made the prices to do it. Don't forget, the biggest bargains go first. See windows.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

37c a yard 10 pieces 46 in. plain black Silk Finish Henrietta, all-wool and sold regular at 75c.
29c a yard 10 pieces plain black all-wool Surah Serge, good weight and finish; all-wool sold at 40c.
18c a yard 2 pieces Priestley's camel hair, plain black; regular price \$1.25.
57c a yard 5 pieces plain black Satin Soie, full 42 in wide, lustre like satin; worth \$1.
15c a yard 2 pieces plain black Alpaca, double width, good color and lustre; worth 25c.

DRESS GOODS

At prices unequalled, at qualities unmatched. Nothing shoddy or out of date about these. We are not ashamed of them. The price is cheap. If you are not able to buy a handsome dress now it is not our fault. Of course, you will read all about them. It's vital news for economical people.

5c a yard 2 pieces Cheek Alpaca, in colors; the last of a lot of 250 goods.
9c a yard 10 pieces Woolenette Dress Goods, dark plaids, stripes, mixtures etc.; worth 15c.
16c a yard 20 pieces double width Plaid Dress Goods in silk plaids, bright and dark colors; good value at 30c.
19c a yard 3 pieces Fancy Stripe, 46 in. wide, all-wool, good weight; worth 35c.
21c a yard 8 pieces Colored Tricot, 36 in. wide, all-wool, good weight; worth 35c.
22c a yard 10 pieces 38 in. Fancy Dress Good Brocades, mixtures, etc.; regular 30c quality.

SILKS

Our store presents one solid phalanx as we enter this campaign. Every department is in line and stand the blunt of a sale—but they're in the front rank here. The hottest shells of the fight will be shot from the silk counter. Read about them.

64c a yard 2 pieces Black Silk Velvet, regular width, good dye; worth \$1.50.
49c a yard 5 pieces Cheney Bros. Printed Armure Silks, light ground, colored and black print; worth \$1.25.
48c a yard 10 pieces Changeable Taffeta Silk, in good assortment of colors, all silk; worth 75c.
44c a yard 8 pieces Brocade Velvets in black and colors; regular price \$2 to \$4.50.
42c a yard 10 pieces Colored All-Silk Faille Francaise, good heavy silk; regular price \$1.25.

Bargains==One Hour Each

Special Salesmen have been employed. Every one will receive prompt attention.

9 to 10 o'clock

Fruit Loom Muslin

The goods we run out of so quickly last week; regular price any place 8 1/2c. One hour only..... At 5c

10 to 11 o'clock

Pillow Slips

Size 45x36 inches, that sell here every day at 15c apiece. Will be on sale one hour only..... At 10c

11 to 12 o'clock

Crash Toweling

To say it's Stevens' is enough; 18 inches wide; regular price 10c. One hour only..... At 6c

LIVELY WASH GOODS PRICES

5c a yard Of Gimpure Lace and Nainsook Laces are buying always under-sells. The fact again clearly demonstrated.
5c a yard Of Persian Organzies, Dimities, extra widths, sheer and in stripe effects; reduced from 10c.

1 to 2 o'clock

Bed Spreads

The famous Marseilles, two and a half yards wide. Regular \$2.25 spread any day. One hour only..... At \$1.49

2 to 3 o'clock

Atlantic Sheeting

The best on the market always 20 cents a yard, 94 width. Today one hour only..... At 16c

3 to 4 o'clock

Table Damask

All pure linen and sells regularly 35 cents. One hour today..... At 20c

We want every woman to see our American Queen—monthly journal and free.

Phone Main 541



Special Salesmen Are employed for this sale. When ever you come you will be waited on promptly.

JOE POHEIM, THE TAILOR

Makes the best fitting clothes at 25 per cent less than any other house on the Pacific Coast. See Prices:

PANTS TO ORDER	SUITS TO ORDER
\$3.50	\$10.00
4.50	13.50
5.00	15.50
6.00	17.50
7.00	20.00
8.00	25.00
9.00	30.00

The firm of JOE POHEIM is the largest in the United States. Prices for self-measurement; samples of cloth sent free.
201 and 203 Montgomery St., cor. Bush.
844 & 846 Market St. 3110 & 1112 Market St. SAN FRANCISCO.
466 Fourth St., Oakland. 603 & 605 E. St., Sacramento.
1432 Spring St. Los Angeles.

INDIA OPIUM CURE



BRUCE D. KIMMI. A VEGETABLE COMPOUND TAKEN INTERNALLY. No hypodermic injections. No morphine and cocaine habitues cured. All symptoms controlled from the first. Nervous system restored to its normal vigor. We guarantee to effect a perfect cure without pain. Consultation free. Medicine shipped to any part of the United States. Patients can treat themselves at home or at TULIP INDIA SANITARIUM, 201 Turk St., San Francisco, Cal.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.



DR. WONG, Chinese Physician and Surgeon, 713 South Main.

ONE BOTTLE CURES MCKIBNEY'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE

For pains in the back and bladder, brick dust deposit, gravel, diabetes, uric acid, etc. Price \$1.50. Druggists. W. F. McKibney, 418 S. Spring, Exp. prepaid, Los Angeles, Cal.

STRONG AGAIN. THE ANAPHRODISIC.

From PROF. DR. PICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring strength under guarantee, and will bring back your lost powers and stop forever the dangerous drain on your system. It acts quickly, creates a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugged strength, steady nerves and clear brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box, 5 directions included, \$1.50. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from any person answer promptly attention. DR. V. C. ANDREY, agent and manager for U.S.A., 400 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill. For sale by Thomas Drug Co., cor. Spring and Temple.

A Full Set of Teeth Only \$5.00

Lowest Prices Consistent With First-Class Work.

Extracting with our local anesthetic.....	\$.50
Extracting with gas, or Vitalized Air.....	1.00
Cleaning Teeth.....	.50 up
White, Porcelain, Silver or Gold Plating Fillings.....	.50 up
Pure gold fillings.....	1.00 up
Gold crowns, solid 22k.....	4.00 up
Porcelain crowns.....	3.00 up
Partial rubber plates.....	3.50 up
Gold or porcelain bridge work.....	4.00 up

No charge for extracting when best teeth are ordered. Consultation and examination free. All work very best and guaranteed.

Jan. 28, 1897. This is to certify that I have this morning had twenty-two teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and suffered no pain nor after effects, and I heartily recommend his method. MRS. S. S. AMPSON, 228 E. Fifth.



Our New Process

Of Flexible Dental Plates is as yet but little known by the public and less understood by dentists in general. It has many advantages over the ordinary rubber plate, even gold plates—being lighter and thinner, this plate being flexible, it fits closer to the mouth, will last longer, and is tougher than any other rubber. Once tried no other plates will be desirable. Brought to the notice of the public through Dr. Schiffman only. Office Hours: Sundays, 10:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. and Children. Lady attendant to wait on Ladies.

Schiffman Method Dental Co. ROOMS 20 to 26, 107 North Spring St. Telephone M. 143.

I have just had ten teeth extracted without a particle of pain, a safe and reliable method is fine.

M. K. GLENN, 2300 S. Main St. June 12, 1897.

I am delighted with the treatment I have had. I had both upper and lower teeth extracted and suffered no pain. MRS. G. J. FARNSWORTH, 514 1/2 West First St. June 12, 1897.

Have had a back tooth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without any pain or swelling. I feel as well as the patient. W. M. RANDALL, 1024 W. Adams St. June 20, 1897.

I take pleasure in saying that Dr. Schiffman pulled my teeth without pain, and they were corks, too. W. J. IRISH, 230 1/2 South Spring St. April 1, 1897.

It is with pleasure that I speak of the most successful dentist in Los Angeles. He pulled twelve teeth for me without the least pain or even discomfort. Garden Grove, Orange county, Cal. April 1, 1897.

Two badly enlarged tonsils, a splenic, safe and easy operation. REV. SELAH W. BROWN, University. July 14, 1897.

Just had two very hard teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without a particle of pain. Dr. Schiffman is a "buddy" to pull teeth. A. J. GRAMAM, Deputy Sheriff, L. A. Jail. July 14, 1897.

I have had three teeth extracted without pain by Dr. Schiffman. MISS L. B. BLISSINGTON, 828 Buena Vista St. March 6, 1897.

SEE ALLEN'S NEW Furniture and Carpets

Before Purchasing. 332 and 334 South Spring Street.

NO Better Deals on the market. FURNITURE, Carpets and Stoves. Largest house of its kind in Southern California. I. T. MARTIN, 531-533 S. Spring St.

SORES, Ucers, chronic breaking out, and other skin affections.

Ucers, chronic breaking out, and other skin affections. It permanently cures. Cases of all standing, even those all time long. A record of half a century is its test of merit.

HOW OPEN— Pacific School of Osteopathy and Infirmary, Phillips Block Spring St. L. A. Cal. Samples of the Osteopathy free. Office hours—9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 4 p.m. C. F. Heinzeiman, Druggist and Chemist, 322 North Main St., Los Angeles. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

PASADENA.

A SENSATIONAL REPORT WHICH PROVES TO BE UNFOUNDED.

A. R. Metcalf Brings Back Reports of Prosperity in the East—Various Petty Suits in the Justice Courts.

PASADENA, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] Much excitement was occasioned this evening by a rumor that the Sierra Madre Villa Hotel was on fire. Flares were plainly visible in the direction of the hotel and the report spread rapidly. Not until midnight was it learned that the story was unfounded. Some Mexicans had been engaged during the day in trimming trees near Sierra Madre Villa and in the evening they gathered the brush and set fire to it.

A. R. METCALFE RETURNS.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Metcalf returned today from an extensive trip through Canada and the East. Mr. Metcalf says he found business picking up very fast all through the East and although he is a Democrat, he says he must acknowledge that the passage of the Tariff Bill has proved a boon and business men all through the East are inspired with hope. Business is looking up in all lines of trade. He was very glad to get back to Pasadena and the cool nights, after trying for weeks to get good rest at night where the heat was almost as oppressive as in the East.

COURT MATTERS.

The Justice Courts were busy all day. In the forenoon the suit of J. B. Robb vs. J. K. Mulvey was heard before Judge Merriam. Robb claimed \$500 due to him for Mulvey for carpenter work done, being 10 per cent for fifty-one days. Mulvey set up a counter claim of \$38.65, alleging that amount was due him in consequence of Robb's failure to pay for the work. The case was continued until the 19th inst. when the case was heard before Judge Merriam. Robb was awarded \$44.50 and Mulvey \$38.65.

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COVINA.

A Royal Banquet in Celebration of the Victory.

COVINA, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] The banquet given Tuesday evening by the Covina Republican Club in recognition of the victory achieved by the passage of the Protective Tariff Bill, with provision for protecting the citrus industry, proved all that was expected of it. Col. B. F. Allen was the special guest of the occasion, he having been Covina's representative at Washington during the contest. There were 160 guests at the banquet, including a large number of ladies, and the floral decorations and elaborate spread were alike worthy of the event.

F. M. Chapman, president of the club, presided as toast master, and the speakers and musicians contributed greatly to the pleasure of the event.

Col. B. F. Allen spoke briefly of the contest from the point of view of a member of the "third house," while ex-Congressman James McLaughlin related the details of the contest. Ex-Judge J. W. McKinley told of the advantages of protection in general. S. M. Haskell of Pomona spoke from the standpoint of the press on the significance of the victory. John Daley of Glendora paid tribute to President McKinley, and A. B. Smith of Glendora eulogized our country and its flag. B. C. Daniels of Colton, an orchestra rendered enjoyable music, which was supplemented by songs sung by Misses Taylor and Preston and an unusually pleasing violin solo by Miss Wilkinson.

ORANGE COUNTY.

UNUSUAL INTEREST MANIFESTED IN THE FALL RACES.

The Fair Association Will Offer a Special Race and Purse for the Horses Owned in San Diego County—School Matters—Two Weddings.

SANTA ANA, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] Interest in the fall meet of the Orange County Fair Association is on the increase. In no previous season have the directors had such success in formulating their program for the races as in this. Delinquent assessments which have been pending for a year or so have been paid up, and from all parts of the county as well as from the outside there has been no active interest manifested in the October races.

The latest stroke of enterprise on the part of the directors is the provision made for a special race and purse for horses owned in San Diego County. Some time ago the directors of the fair association had a meeting at La Cañada and last fall mortgaged his place to the First National Bank. A writ in July last, the court ordered the fruit at auction and Mr. Arnold was the purchaser at the constable's sale. The first National Bank then offered the fruit at auction and Mr. Arnold was the purchaser at the constable's sale. The first National Bank then offered the fruit at auction and Mr. Arnold was the purchaser at the constable's sale.

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SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

A \$30,000 SCHOOL TAX VOTED AT SPECIAL ELECTION.

Prospects of Establishing a Municipal Light Plant—Naval Reserves Return from Their Cruise—News Notes and Brevities.

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] A special election was held in San Diego county today for the purpose of voting a tax of \$30,000 to complete the funds for maintaining schools for the coming school year. But little interest was manifested in the matter and only about five hundred votes were cast, about two-thirds of this number voting for the tax.

MUNICIPAL LIGHT AHEAD.

The committee on Telephone and Electric Lights, from the Council, will probably call a meeting before the close of the week to consider a proposition to have the City Clerk advertise for bids for furnishing the city with street lights for one year, beginning April 1, 1898, and also to have him advertise for propositions for building a city electric light plant, to be paid for in monthly installments.

The bid of the Home Telephone Company for the franchise to operate a telephone system in San Diego was considered at this meeting of the Council committee.

RETURN OF THE NAVAL RESERVES.

The Naval Reserves broke camp at La Playa early this morning and at 10 o'clock were landed on the San Diego side of the bay by the U.S.S. Bennington.

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The newly-formed Country Club promises to be a much more successful one than the one that preceded it. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

Thomas S. Stone, 70 years of age, a resident of this city for many years, died at his home, corner of East Colorado street and Olive street. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

The funeral will take place tomorrow (Thursday) at 10 o'clock. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

The funeral services over the remains of Warren Davis at his parents' residence on East Villa street today were largely attended. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

A large party from Pasadena will go to Santa Monica tomorrow (Thursday) to witness the completion of the new bridge. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the New Mexico Club, held at the Hotel, the plans were again inspected, but no business transacted. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

Owing to the lack of a quorum, there was no meeting of the Board of Equalization today. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

Prof. C. H. Hayes, formerly president of Throp Polytechnic Institute, has been elected principal of the High School at Holyoke, Mass. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

Edward Barker returned from Long Beach tonight and will leave for Los Angeles tomorrow. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

Col. and Mrs. C. P. Morehouse and Miss Verne Morehouse left today for Coronado to remain about a month. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

A delegation of some thirty sisters from Ramona School visited Echo Mountain today. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

REDLANDS.

Death of Mrs. Harvey Clark.—The woman's illness. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

REDLANDS, Aug. 10.—[Regular Correspondence.] The death of Mrs. Harvey Clark occurred at Piqua, O. The deceased was 64 years of age, and died resulting from heart failure. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

The body was taken to the funeral home, where it was lying in state. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

The funeral will take place tomorrow (Friday) at 10 o'clock. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Clark will be held at the funeral home. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon. The case was transferred to Justice Rosier's court, where a hearing was held yesterday afternoon.

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THE CITY OF PARIS INSOLVENT
STOCK GOES ON SALE THIS
MORNING THE BARGAIN EVENT OF THE SUMMER

*The choice
of the bar-
gains will be
for the early
comers.*